

GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS

MIXING, SEGREGATION, CRUSHING
AND THEIR HETERARCHY



Benjy Marks **Pierre Rognon**

and **Itai Einav**

SCHOOL OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
THE UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY
AUSTRALIA

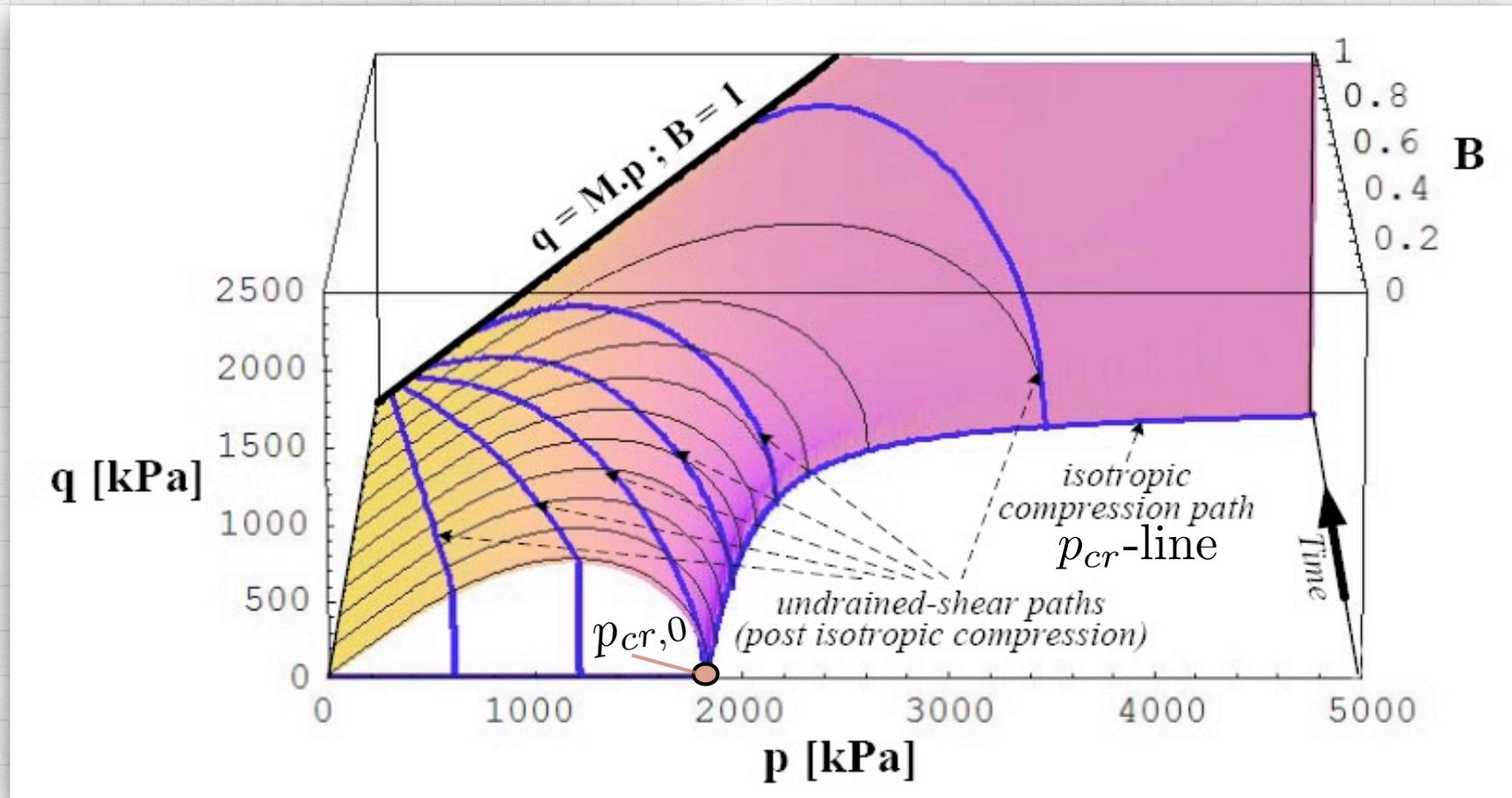
SCIENCE ATTACK



Climbing Masada, Israel (2009)

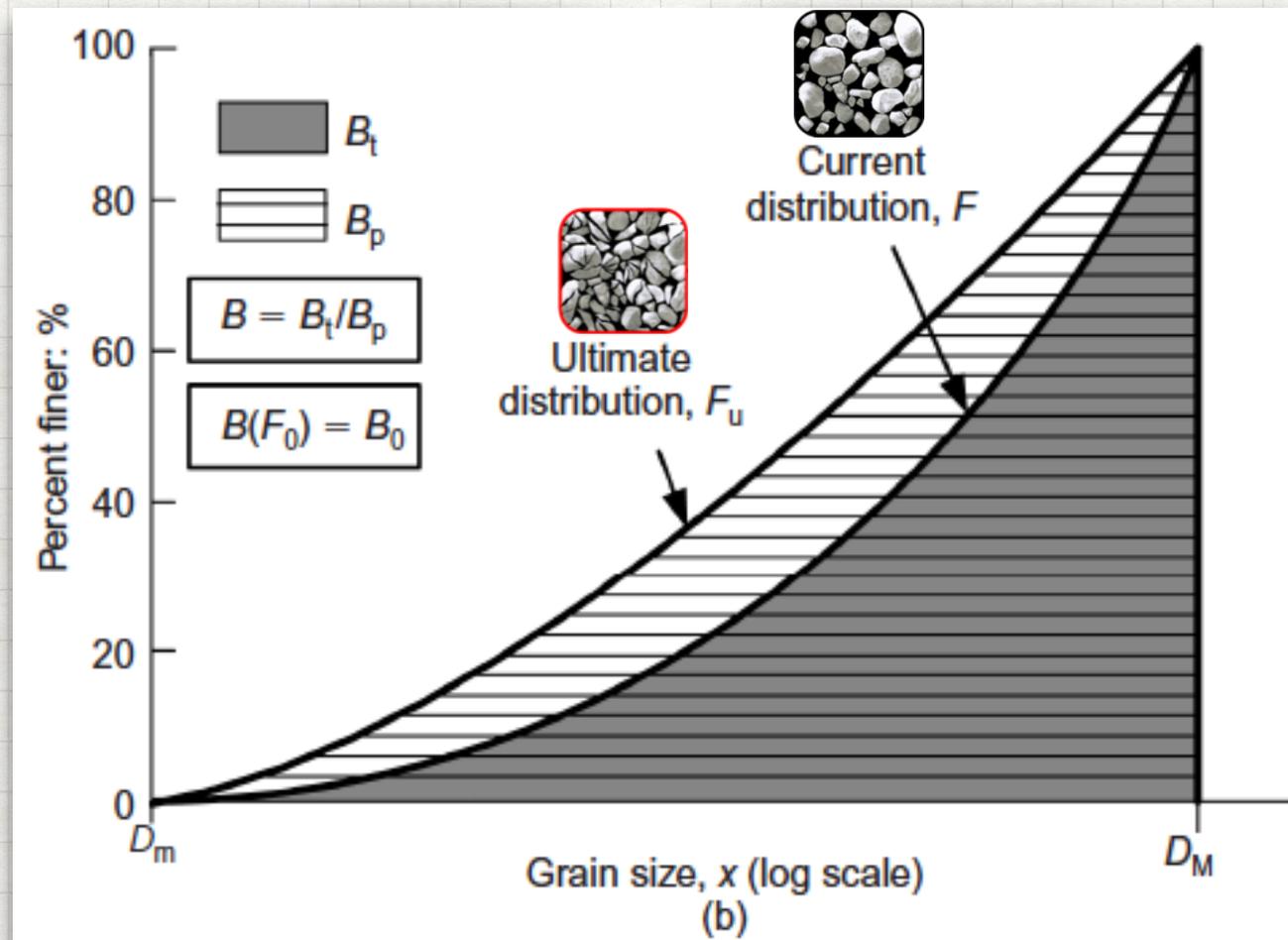
BACKGROUND

Vardoulakis first to support Breakage mechanics by a young researcher (in 2006, before publication)!



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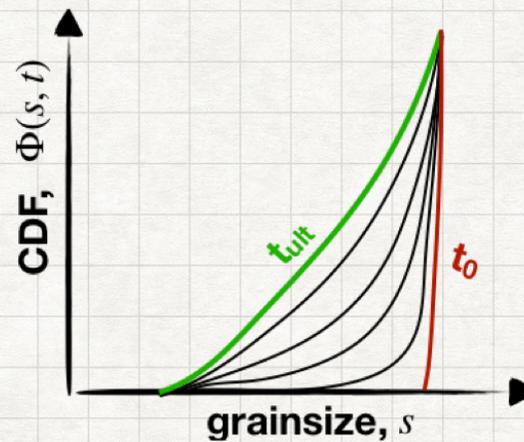
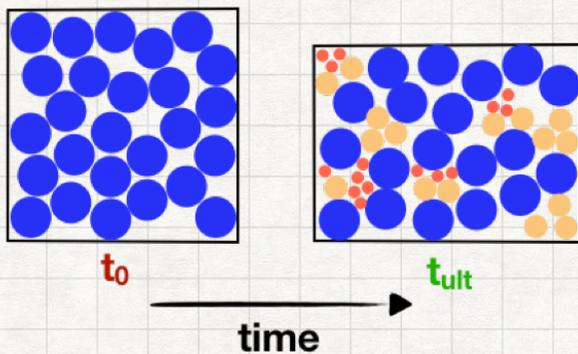
VARDOULAKIS'S CHALLENGE (ATHENS, JUNE 2007)



Resolve mathematically the oldest industrial problem in human history – the simultaneous crushing, mixing and segregation of flour in stonemills.

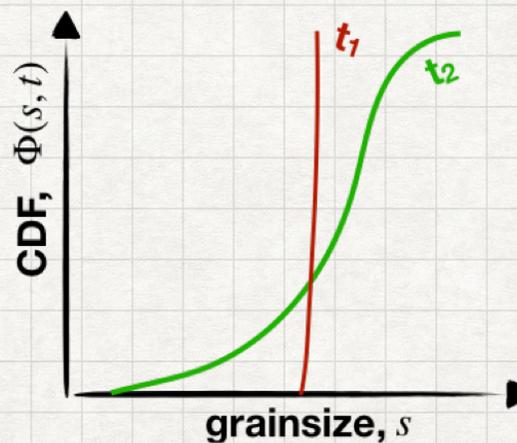
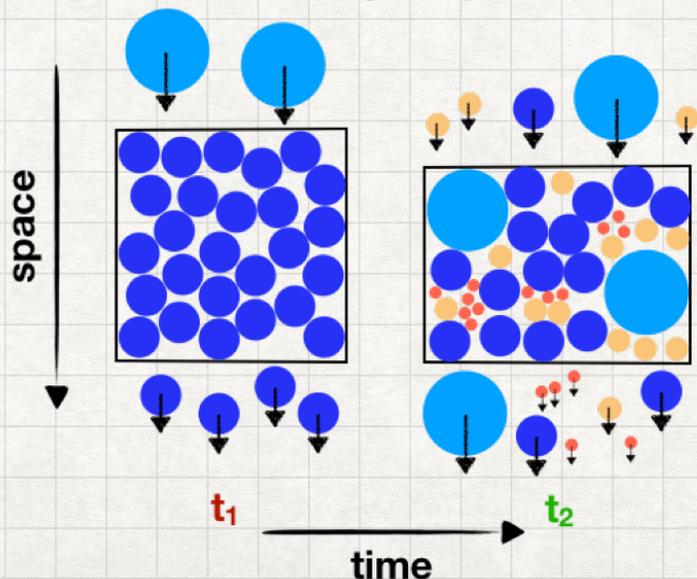
CLOSE VS OPEN SYSTEMS

crushing in closed-system



Where Breakage
Mechanics work...

crushing in open-system



Where Breakage
Mechanics does
not work...

CONTENT

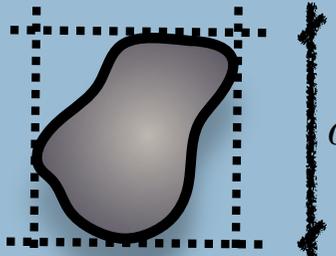
- WHY GRAIN SIZE
- 'GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS'
- 'HETERARCHY'
- GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS BY SEGREGATION
- GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS BY MIXING
- GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS BY CRUSHING
- COMBINED GRAINSIZE MECHANISMS
- DISCUSSION

WHY GRAIN SIZE

WAIT A SECOND – SO WHAT IS 'GRAIN SIZE'?

Three of the more common measures:

1st measure

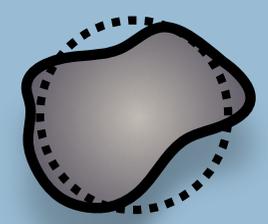


d_{sieve}

$$d \equiv d_{sieve}$$

The diagram shows a grey, irregularly shaped grain. A dashed black square is drawn around it, representing a sieve. A vertical double-headed arrow to the right of the square is labeled d_{sieve} .

2nd measure

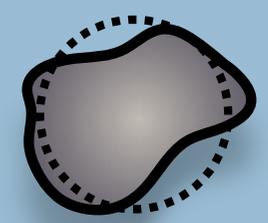


d_{Aeq}

$$A_p = \frac{\pi}{4} d_{Aeq}^2$$
$$d \equiv d_{Aeq} = \left(\frac{4A_p}{\pi} \right)^{1/2}$$

The diagram shows a grey, irregularly shaped grain. A dashed black circle is drawn around it, representing an equivalent area diameter. A vertical double-headed arrow to the right of the circle is labeled d_{Aeq} .

3rd measure



d_{eq}

$$V_p = \frac{\pi}{6} d_{Veq}^3$$
$$d \equiv d_{Veq} = \left(\frac{6}{\pi} V_p \right)^{1/3}$$

The diagram shows a grey, irregularly shaped grain. A dashed black circle is drawn around it, representing an equivalent volume diameter. A vertical double-headed arrow to the right of the circle is labeled d_{eq} .

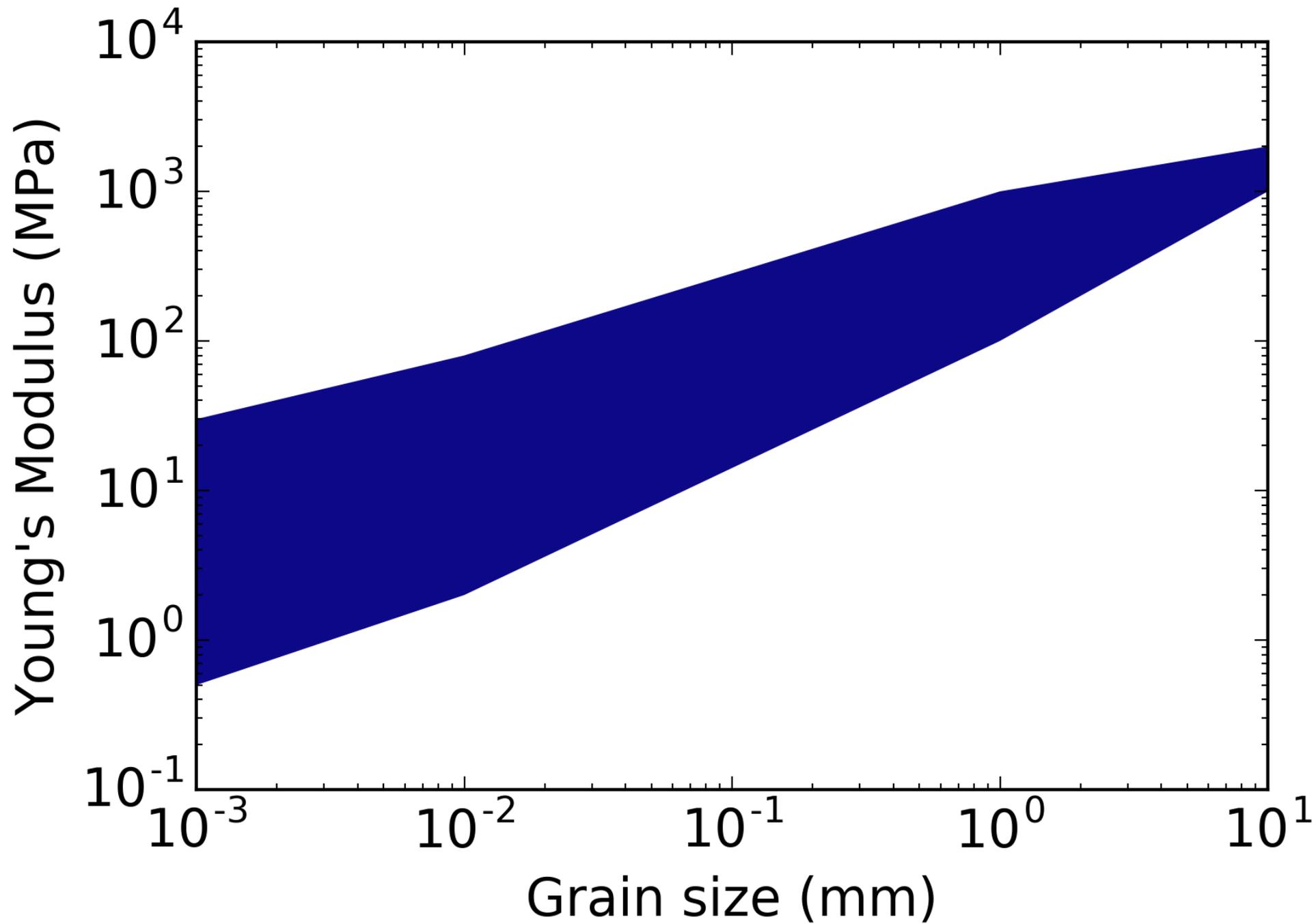
Disclaimer

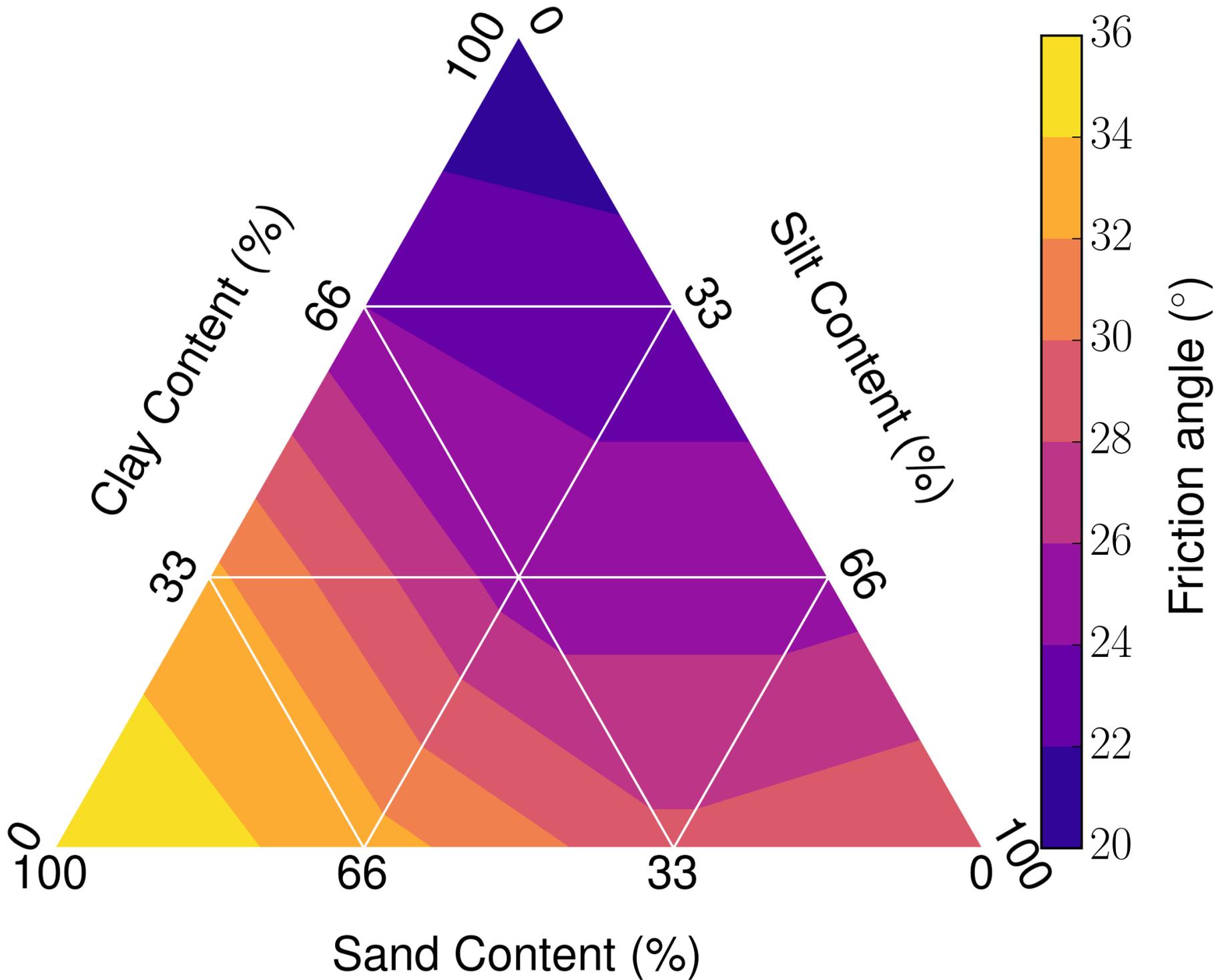
The following graphs contain **nominal** values, and are not to be used for design purposes. The data is collated from the following sources:

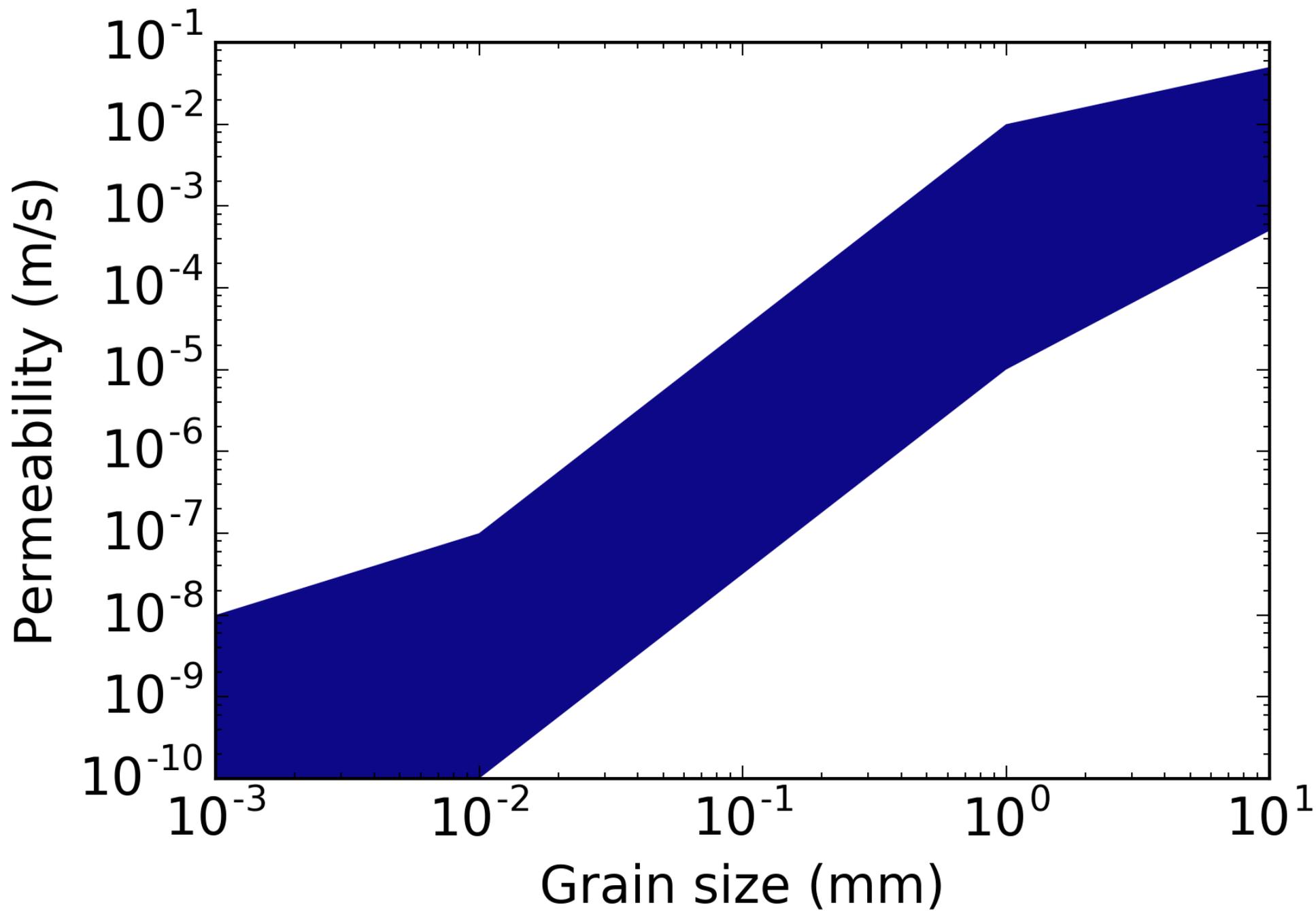
Obrzud R. & Truty, A. The Hardening Soil Model — A Practical Guidebook. *Zace Services*, 2010.

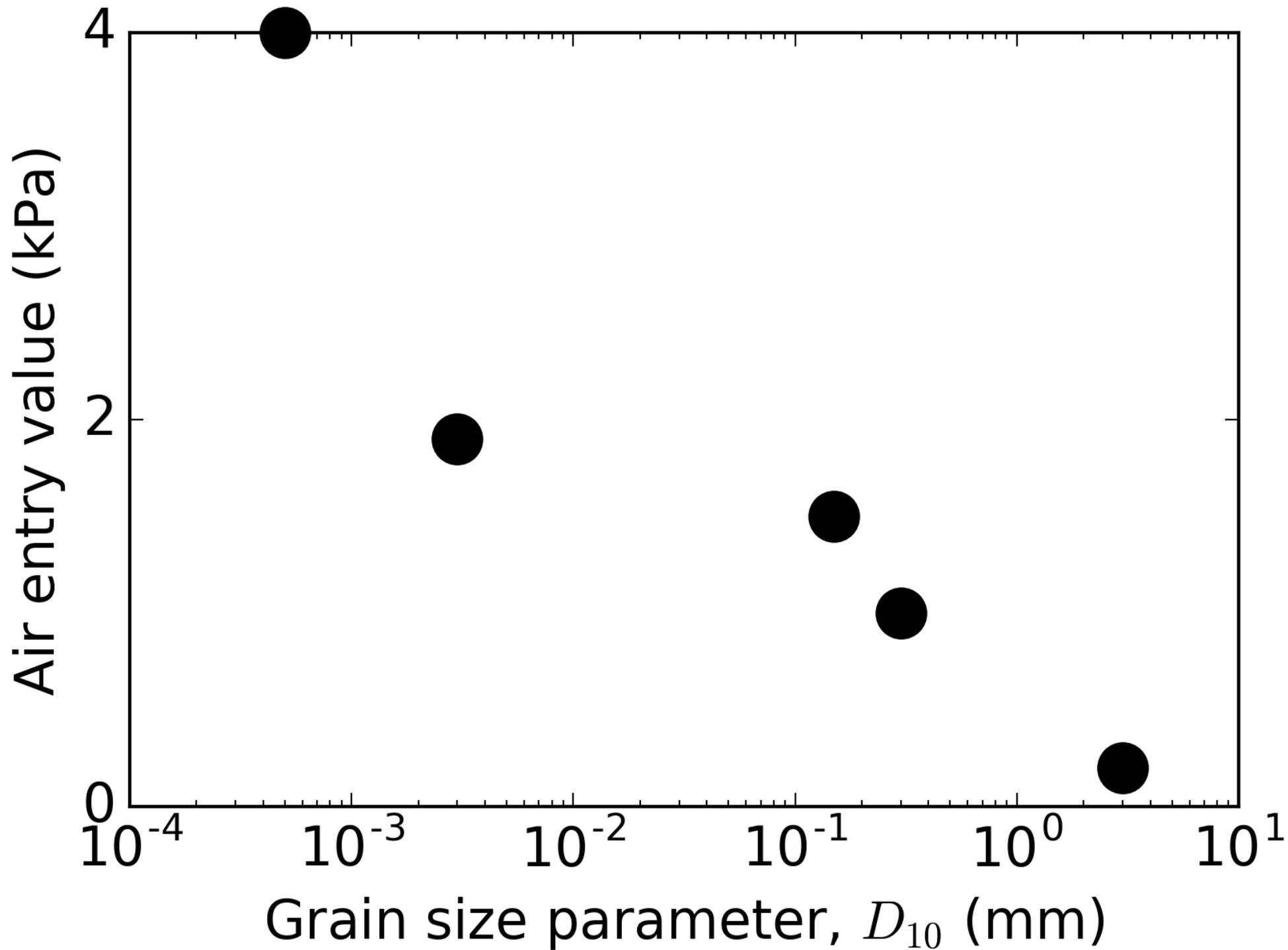
Engineering and Design Settlement Analysis, USACE *Engineering Manual 1110-1-1904*, 1990.

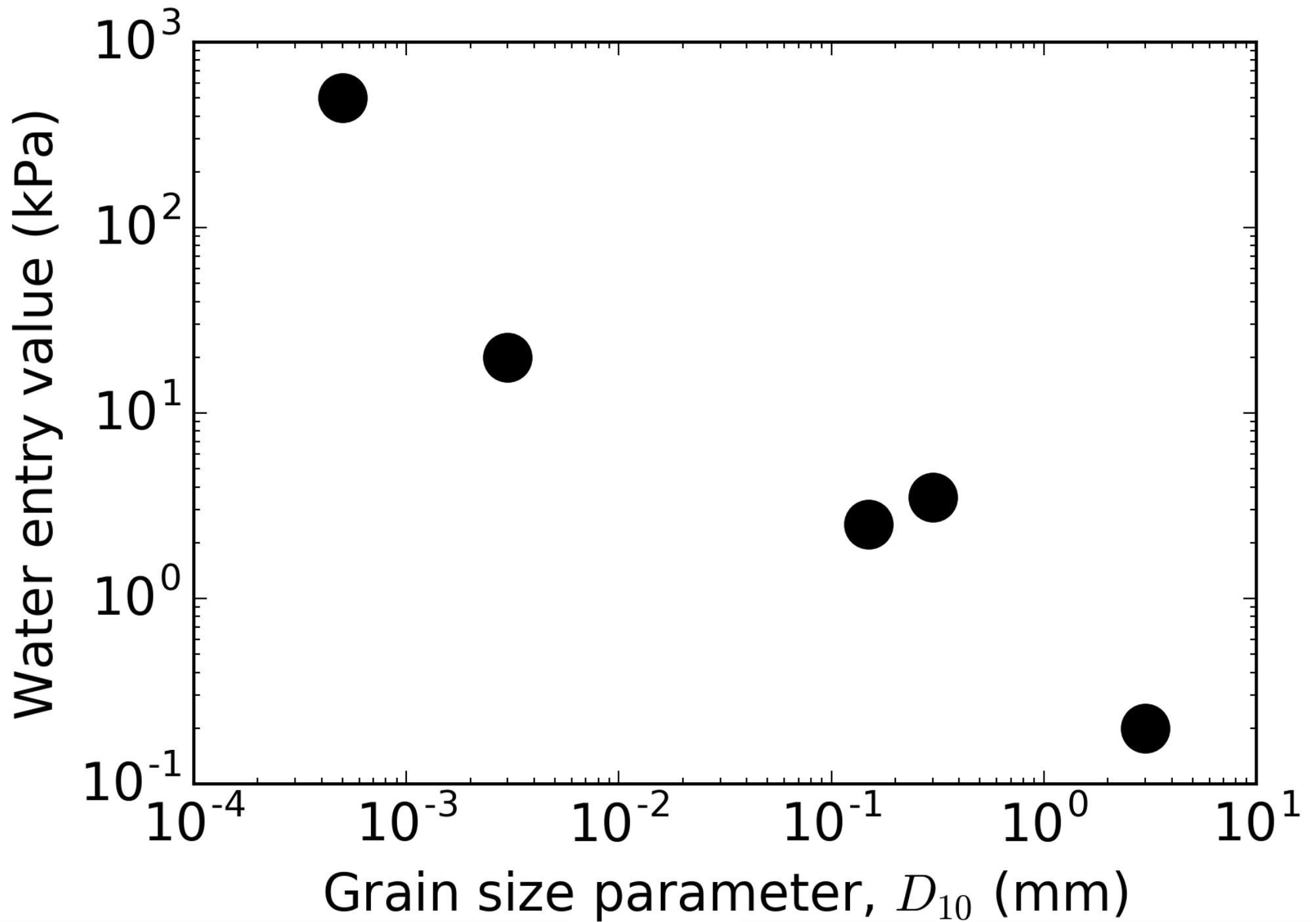
Yang, H., Rahardjo, H., Leong, E. C., & Fredlund, D. G. (2004). Factors affecting drying and wetting soil-water characteristic curves of sandy soils. *Canadian Geotechnical Journal*, 41(5), 908-920.

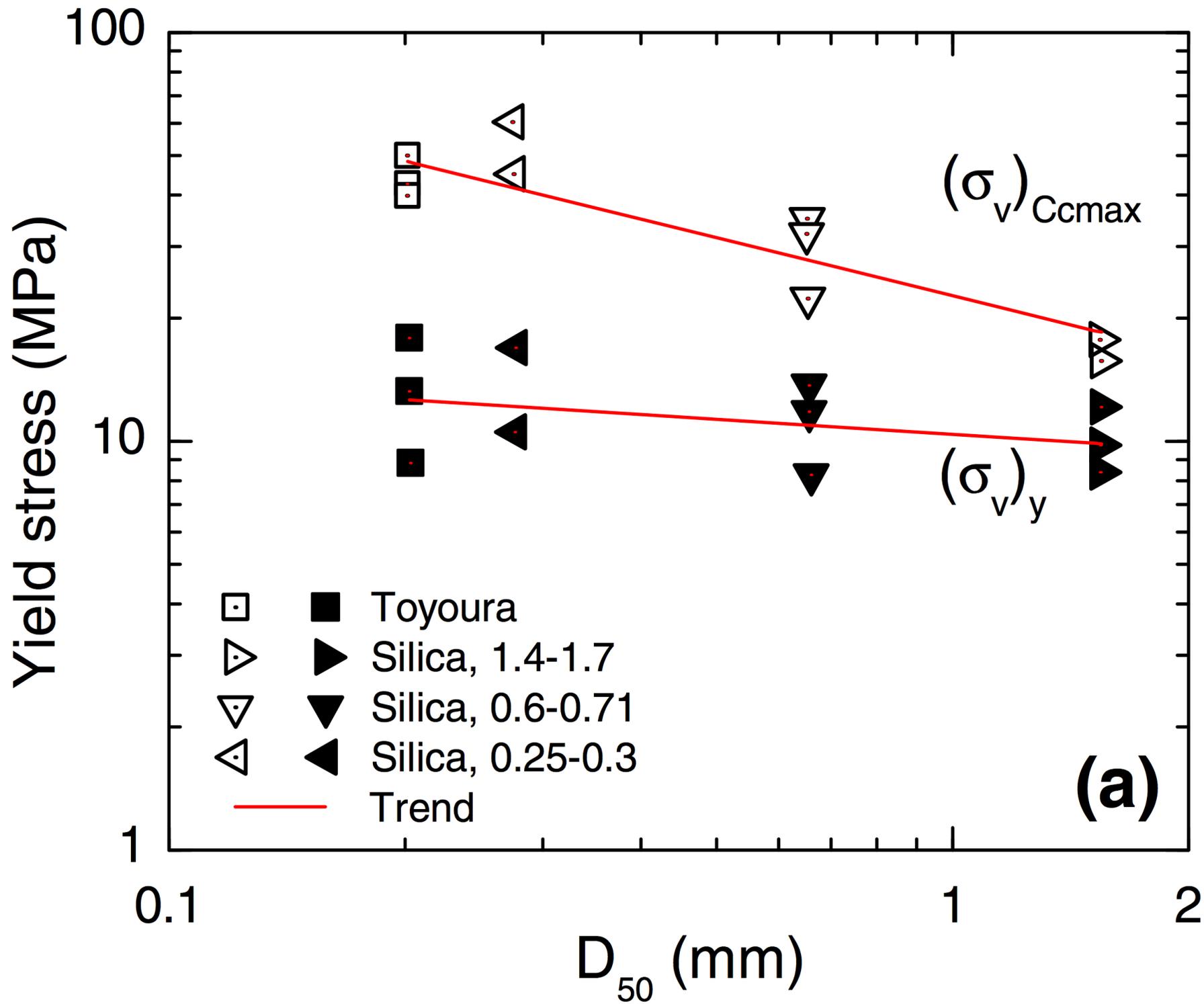






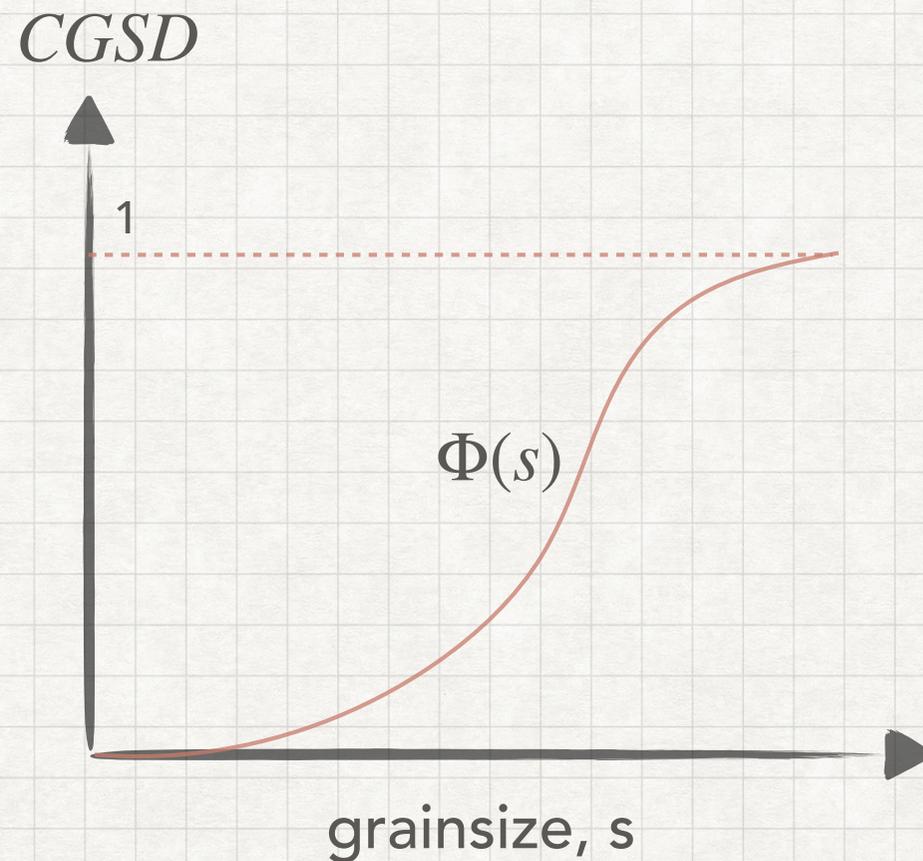
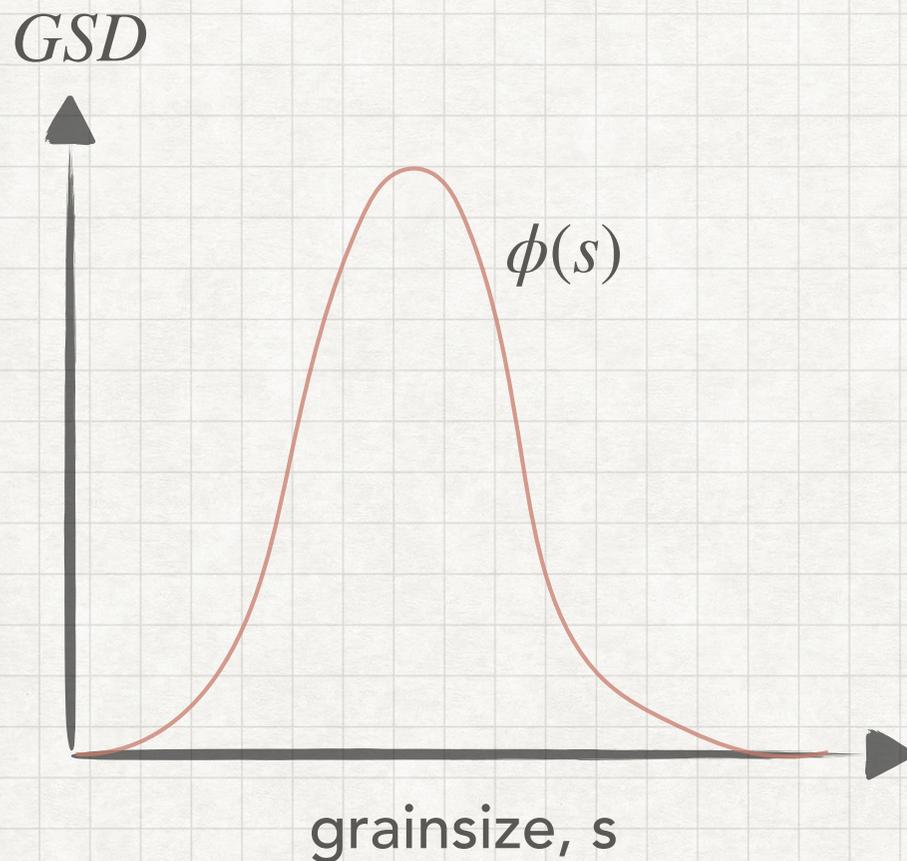






GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS

GRAINSIZE DISTRIBUTION

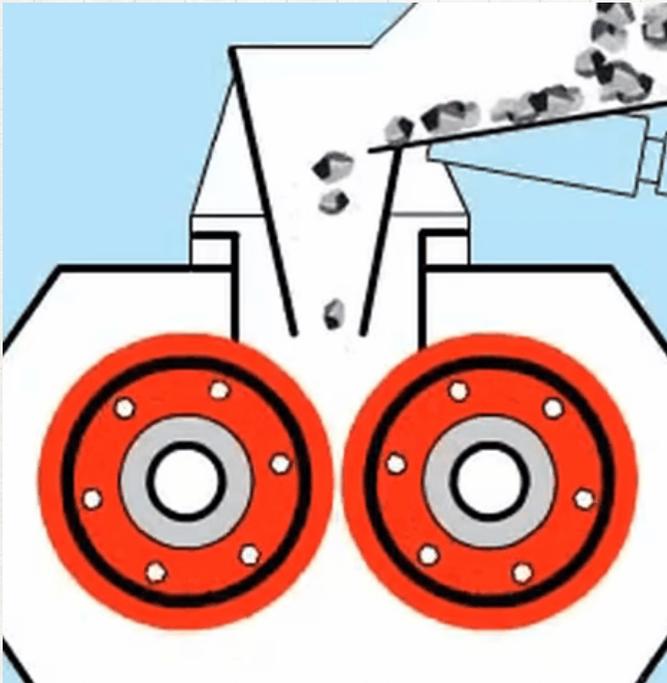


$$\int_0^{\infty} \phi(s) ds = 1$$

$$\Phi(s) = \int_0^s \phi(x) dx$$

MOTIVATION

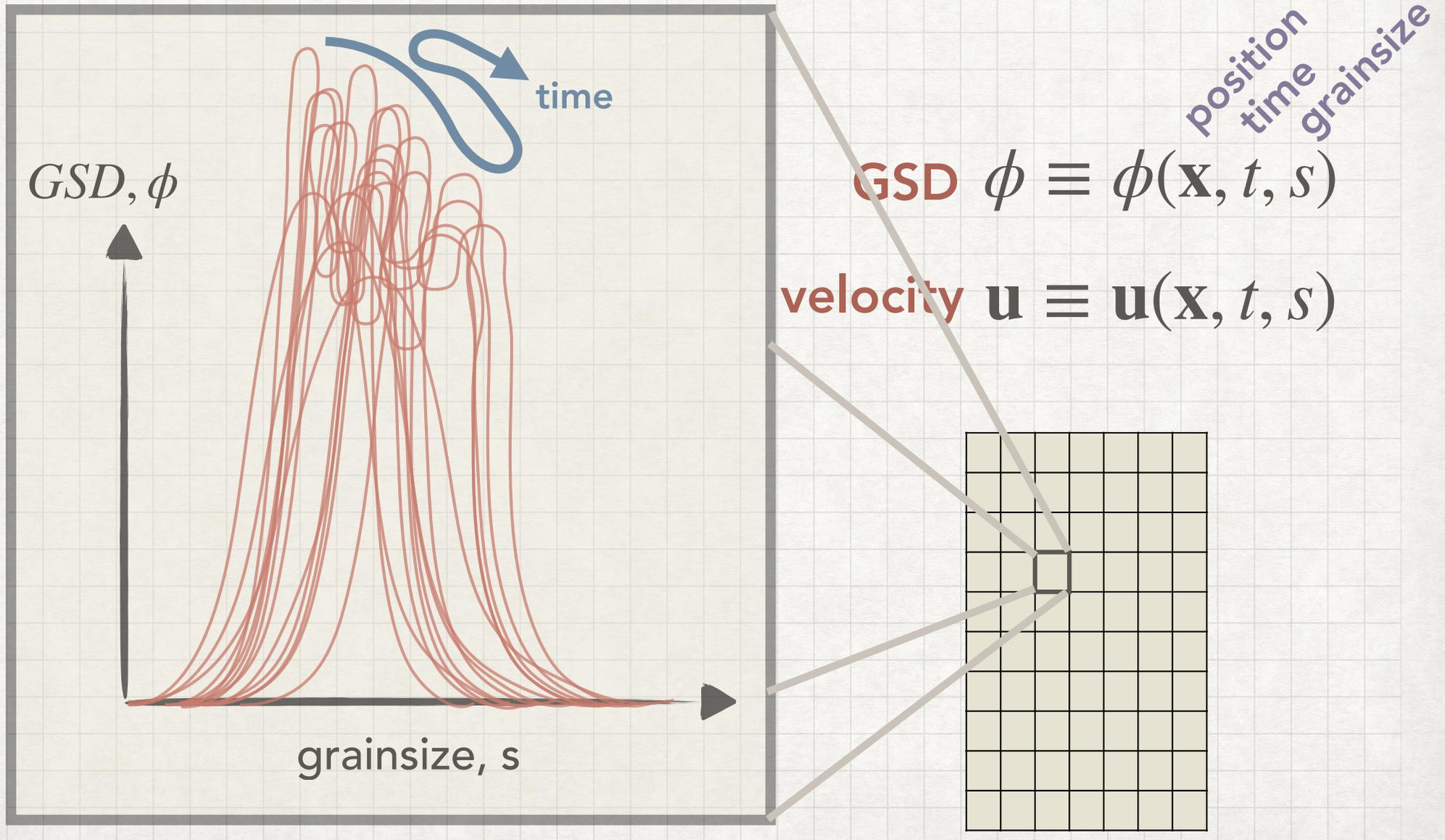
- ROLL MILL



GSD varies in time and space

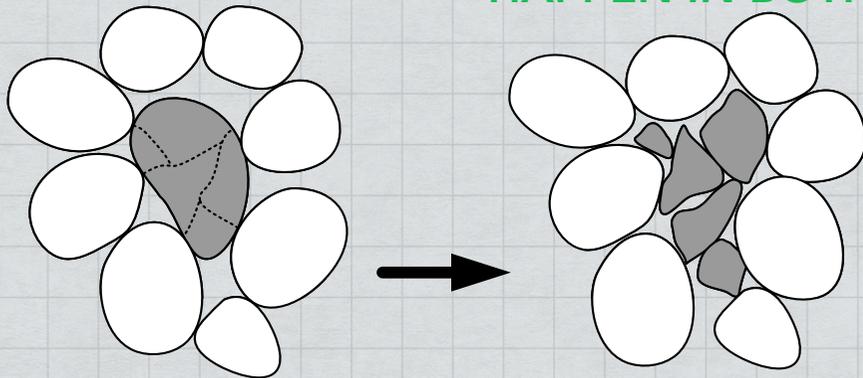
MOTIVATION

- CONTINUUM MECHANICS IN 5D

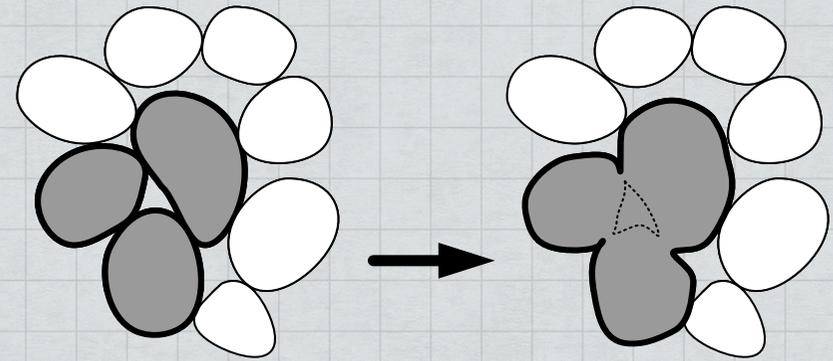


GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS – MECHANISMS

HAPPEN IN BOTH CLOSE & OPEN SYSTEM

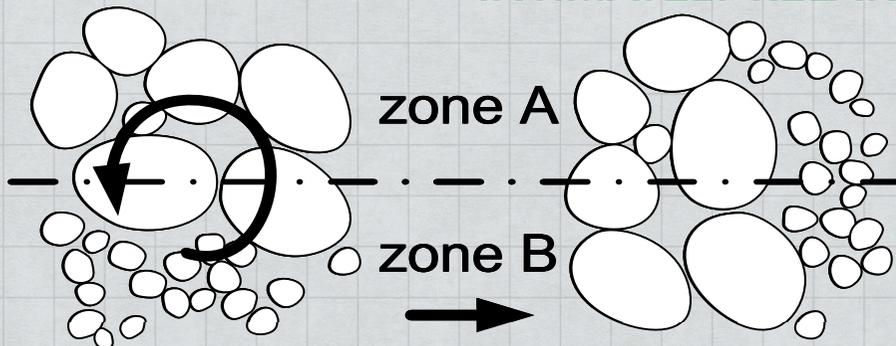


crushing

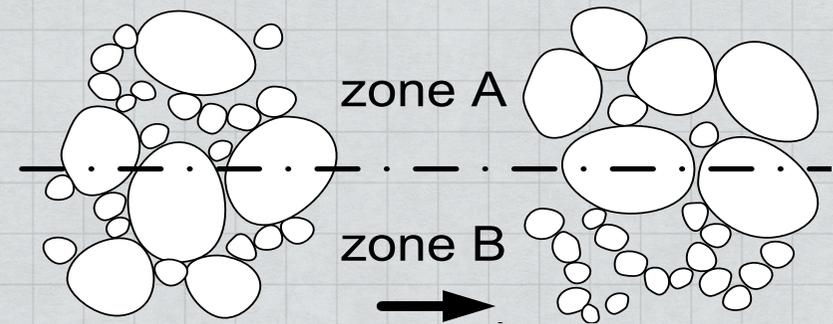


agglomeration

INTIMATELY RELATED TO OPEN SYSTEMS



mixing



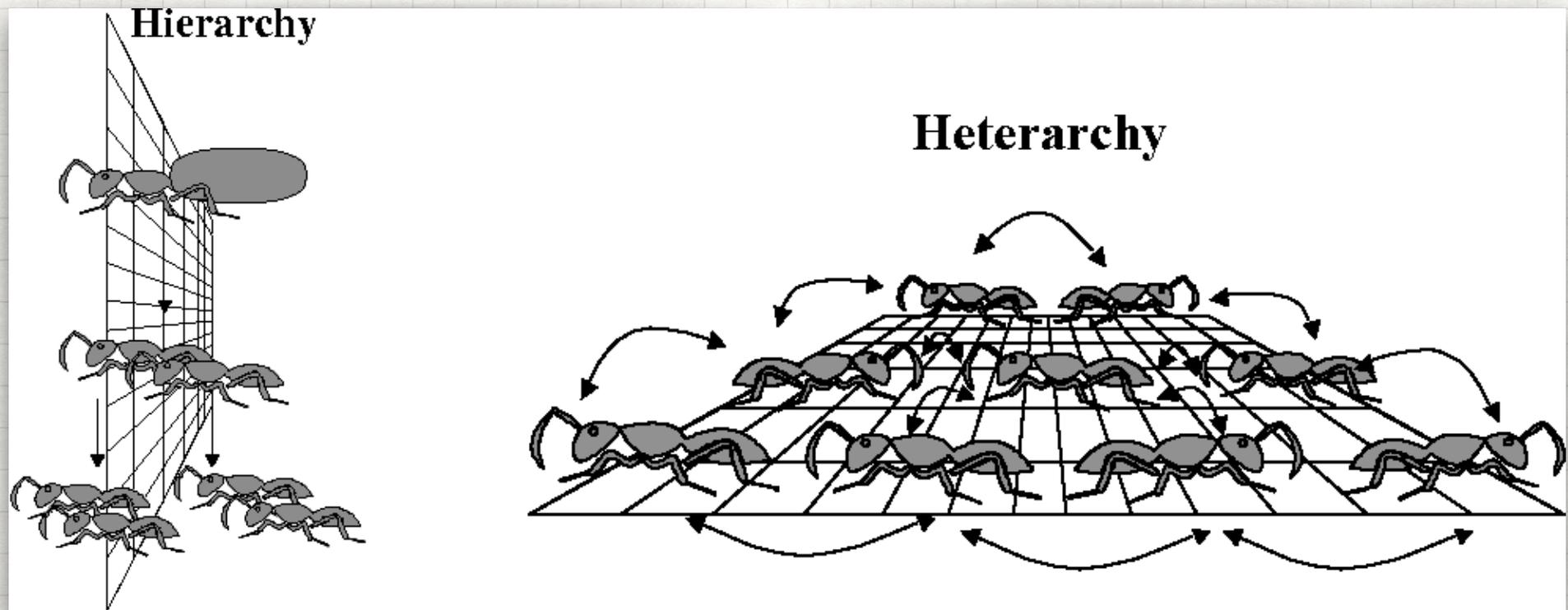
segregation

HETERARCHY

HETERARCHY

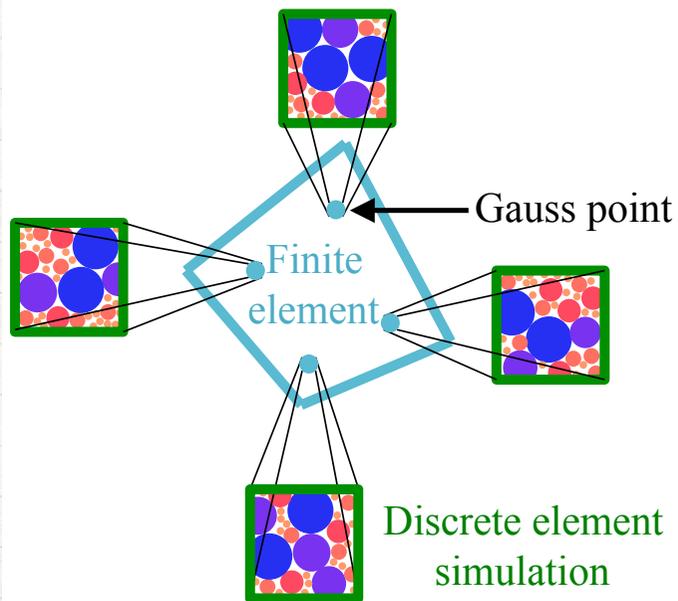
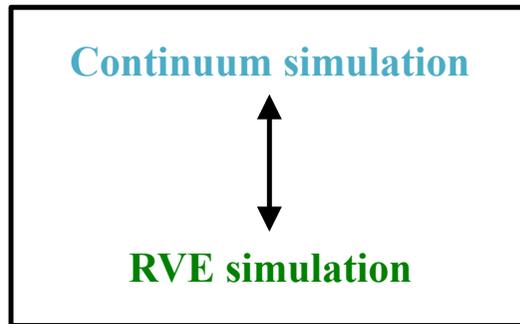
- WIKI DEFINITION

A **HETERARCHY** IS A SYSTEM OF ORGANIZATION WHERE THE ELEMENTS OF THE ORGANIZATION ARE UNRANKED (NON-HIERARCHICAL)...

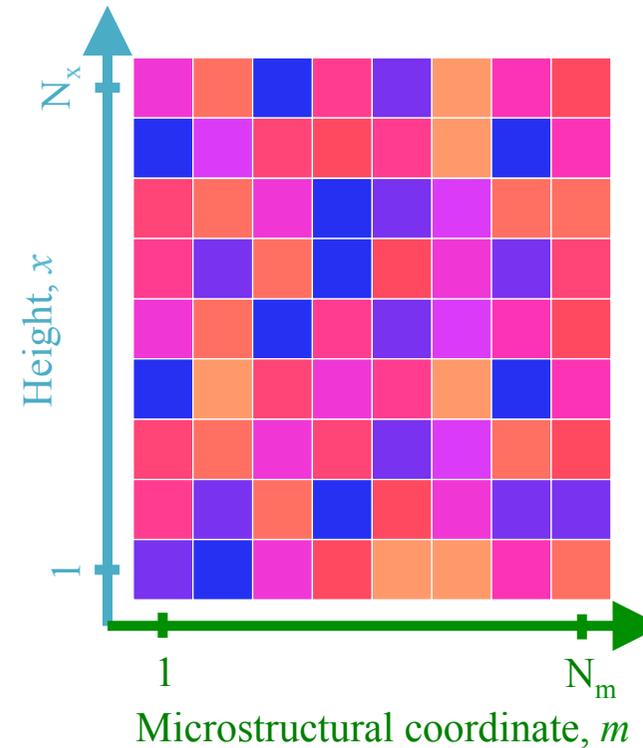
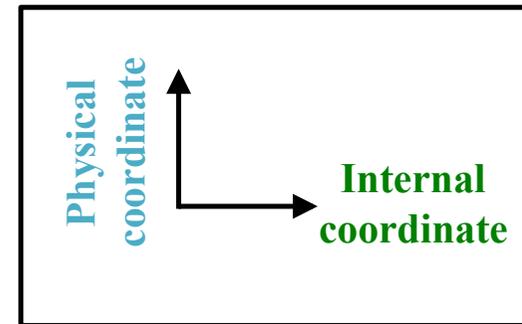


MULTI-SCALE MODELS

Hierarchical model

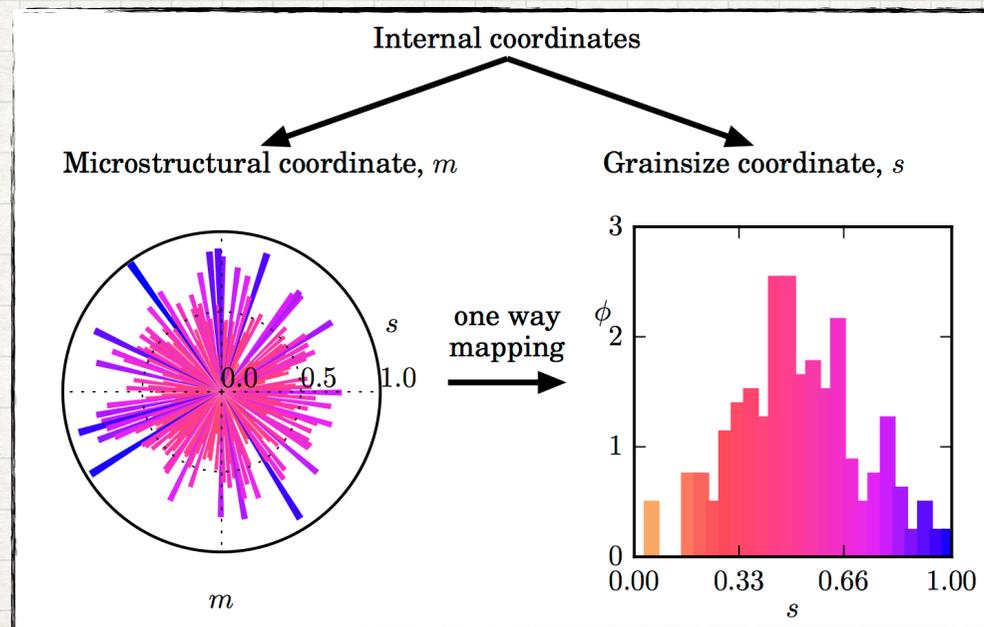
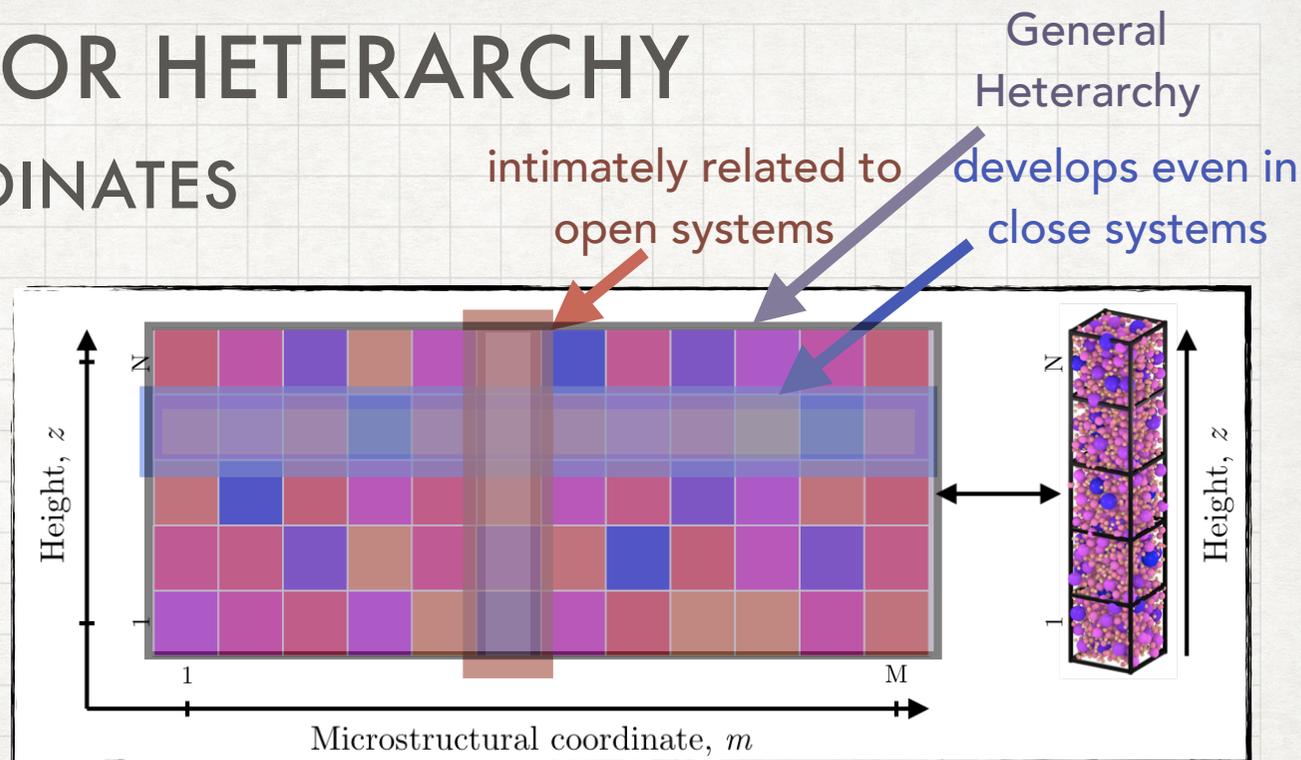


Heterarchical model



MOTIVATION FOR HETERARCHY

INTERNAL COORDINATES



SEGREGATION

SEGREGATION OF A SKIER

- AVALANCHE (WHISTLER, CANADA 01/11/2017)



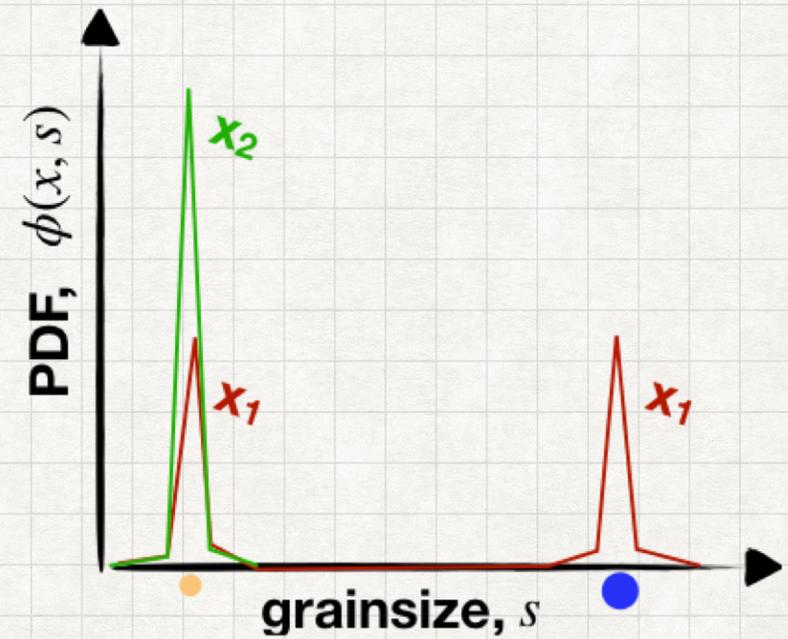
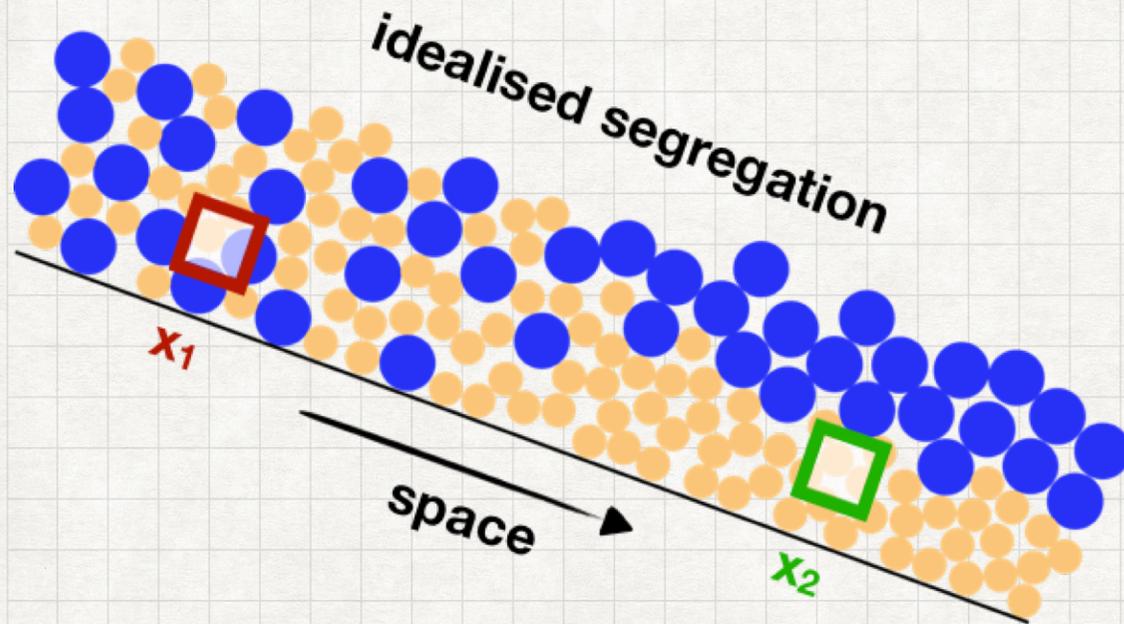
SEGREGATION OF A SKIER

- ABS TWINBAG



SEGREGATION OF GRAINS

- IN ONE DIMENSION



SEGREGATION OF GRAINS

- HANDED BY VARDOULAKIS TO SOLVE HIS CHALLENGE

PROCEEDINGS
OF
THE ROYAL SOCIETY



Proc. R. Soc. A (2005) **461**, 1447–1473
doi:10.1098/rspa.2004.1420
Published online 26 April 2005

**A theory for particle size segregation
in shallow granular free-surface flows**

By J. M. N. T. GRAY AND A. R. THORNTON

J. Fluid Mech. (1988), vol. 189, pp. 311–335
Printed in Great Britain

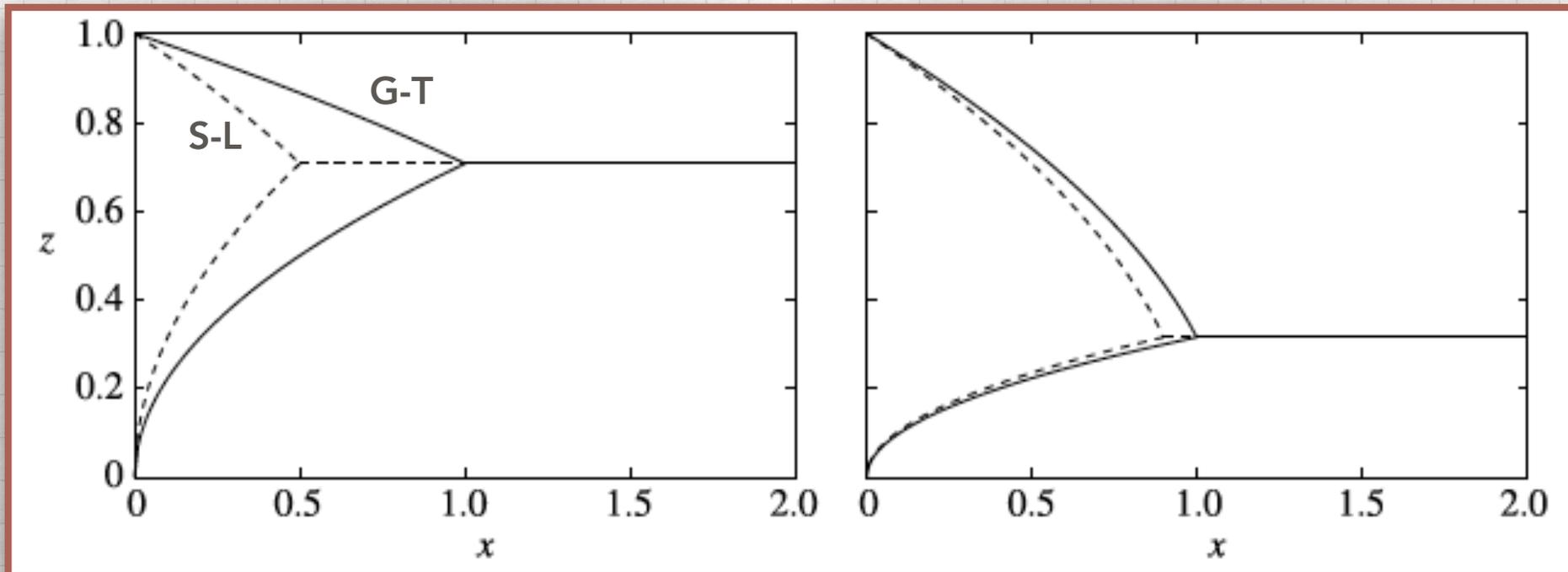
311

OR

**Particle size segregation in inclined chute flow of
dry cohesionless granular solids**

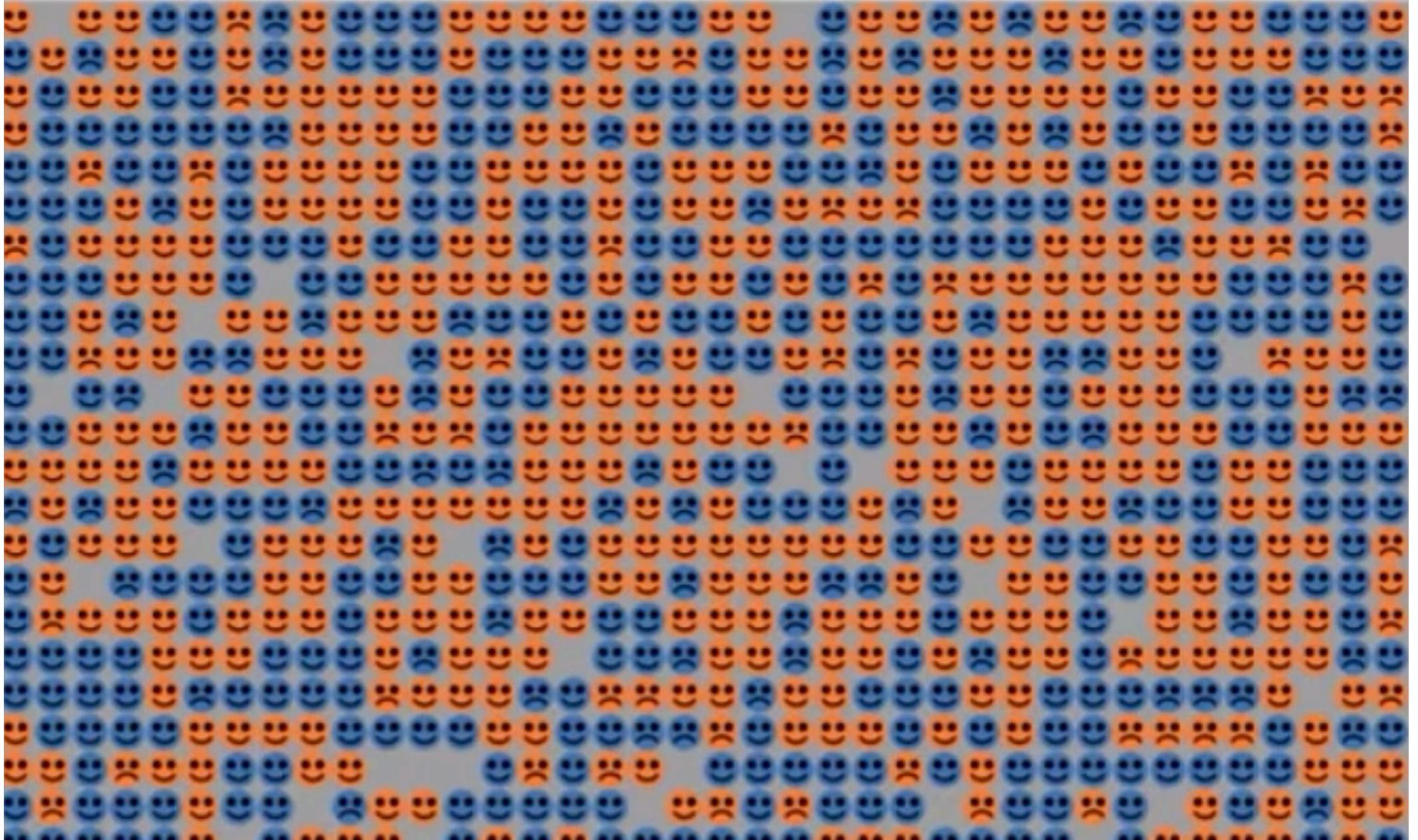
By S. B. SAVAGE AND C. K. K. LUN

?



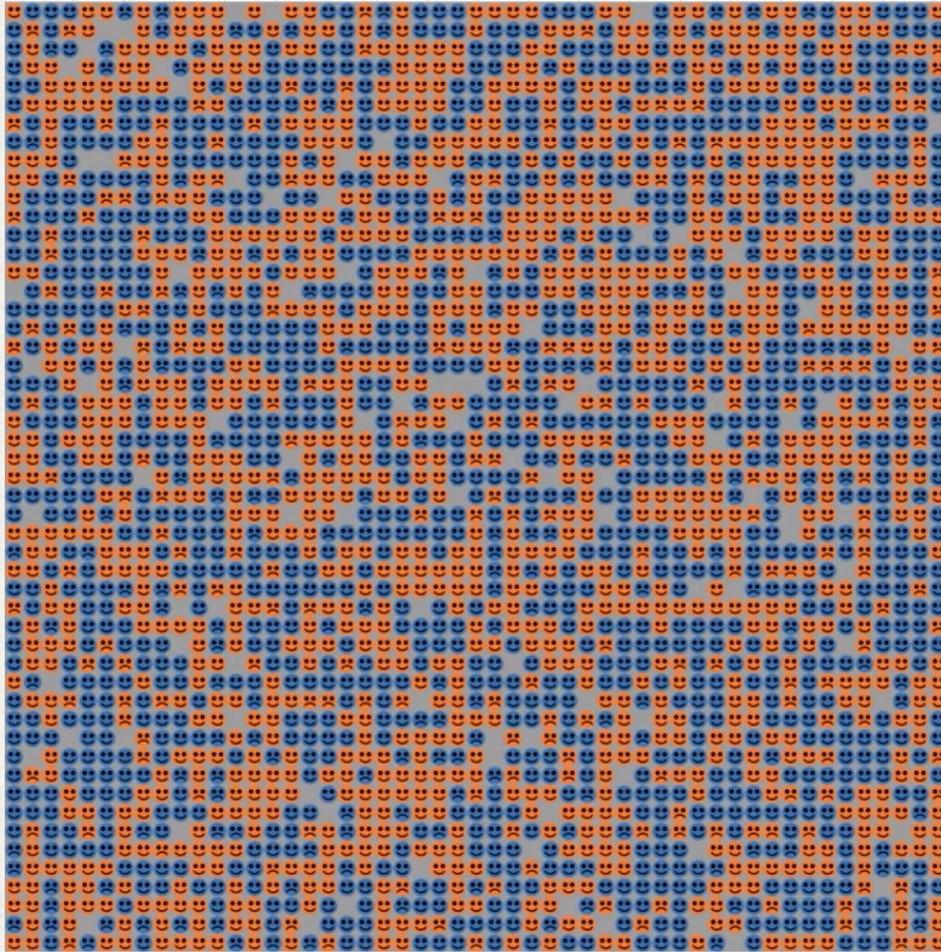
HUMAN SEGREGATION

- SCHELLING MODEL/AUTOMATA (1971)

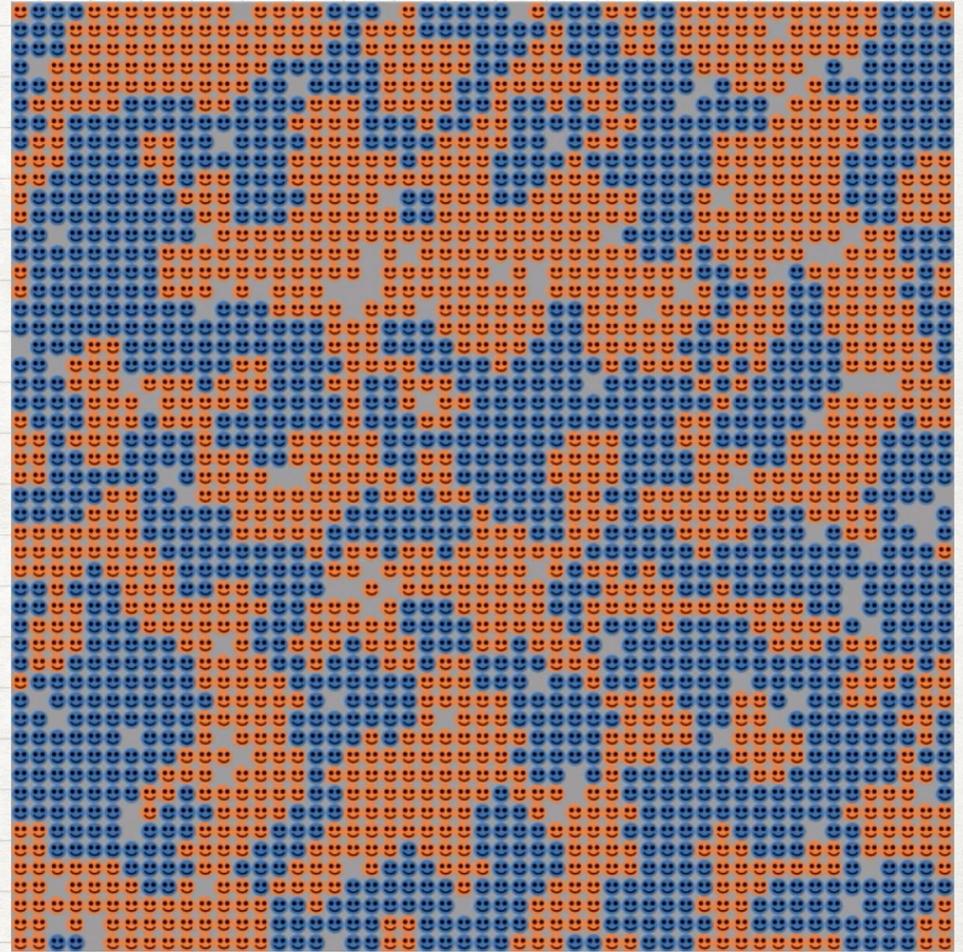


HUMAN SEGREGATION

- SCHELLING MODEL/AUTOMATA (1971)



At the start

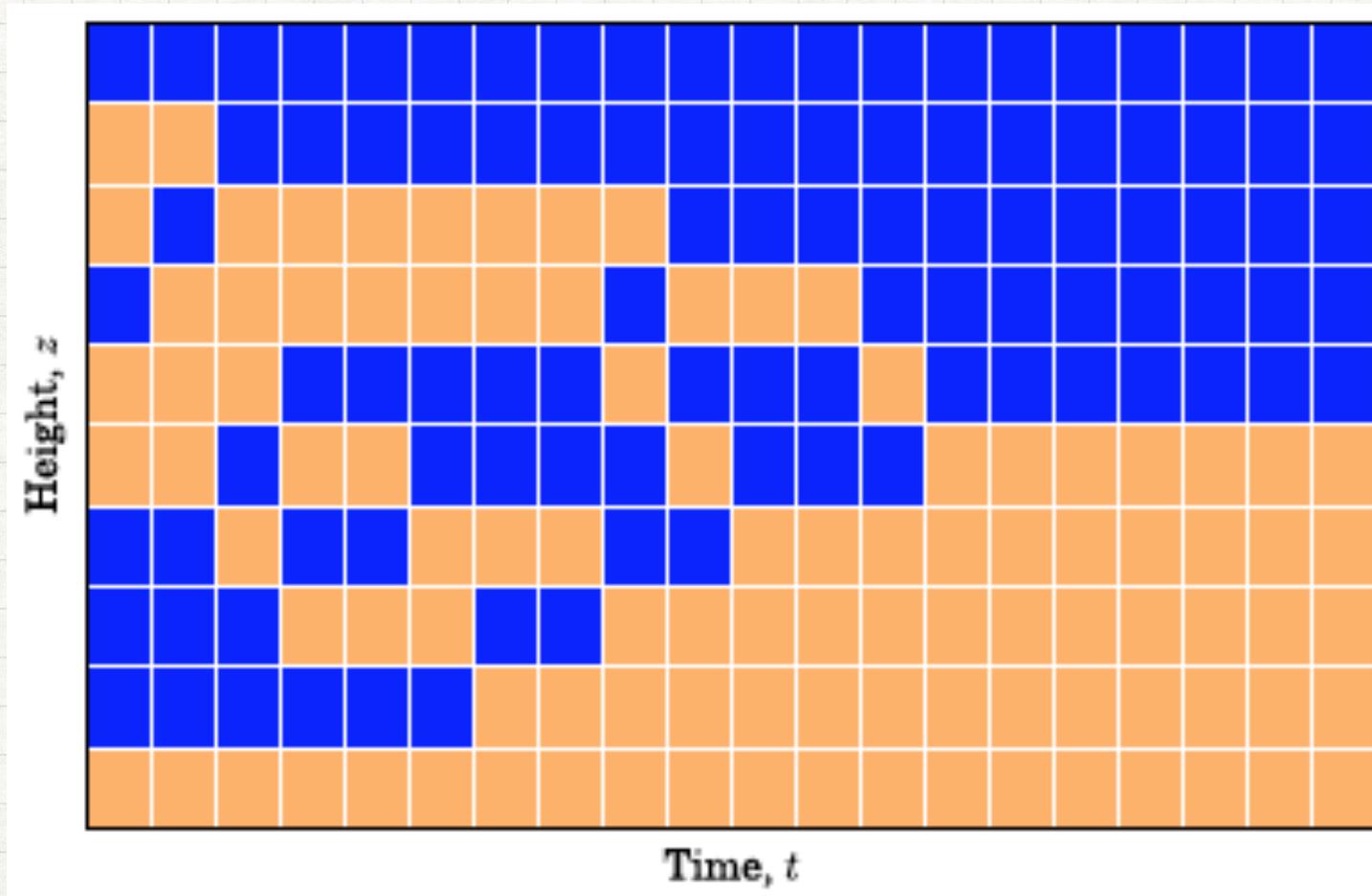


At the end

GRAIN SEGREGATION

- AUTOMATA IN 1D (STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL)

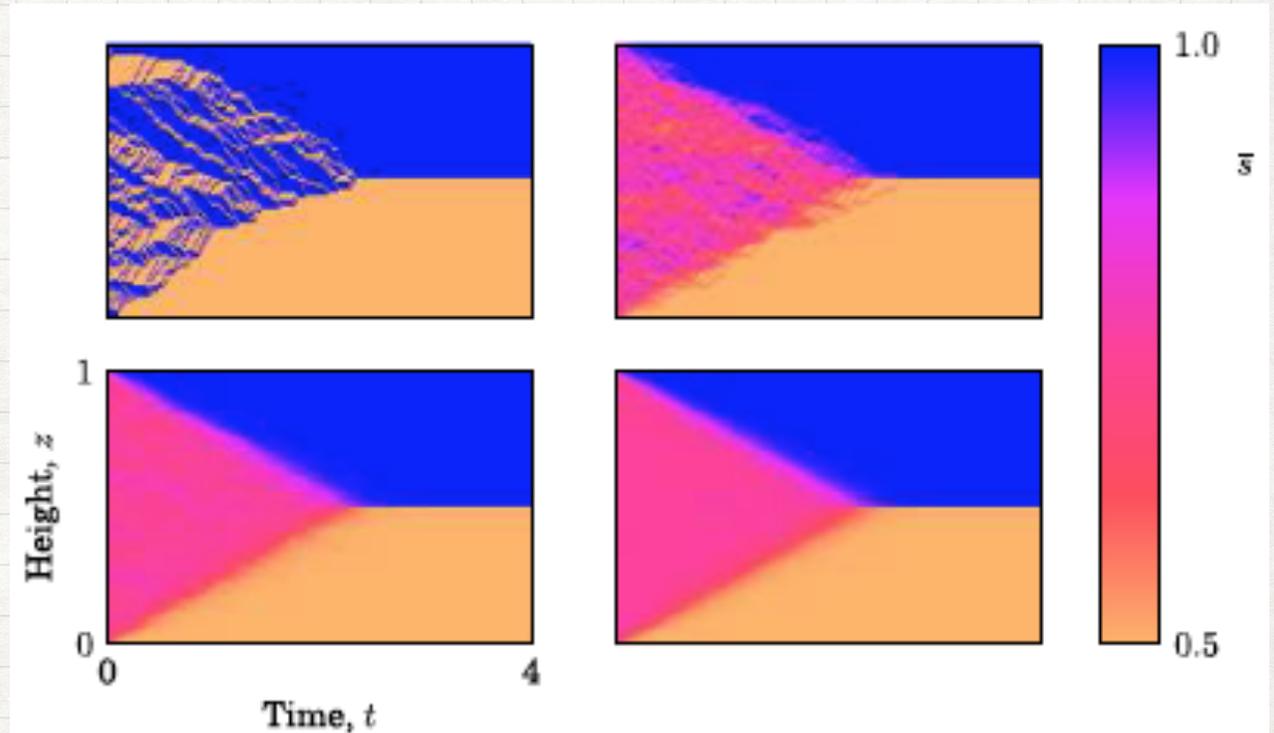
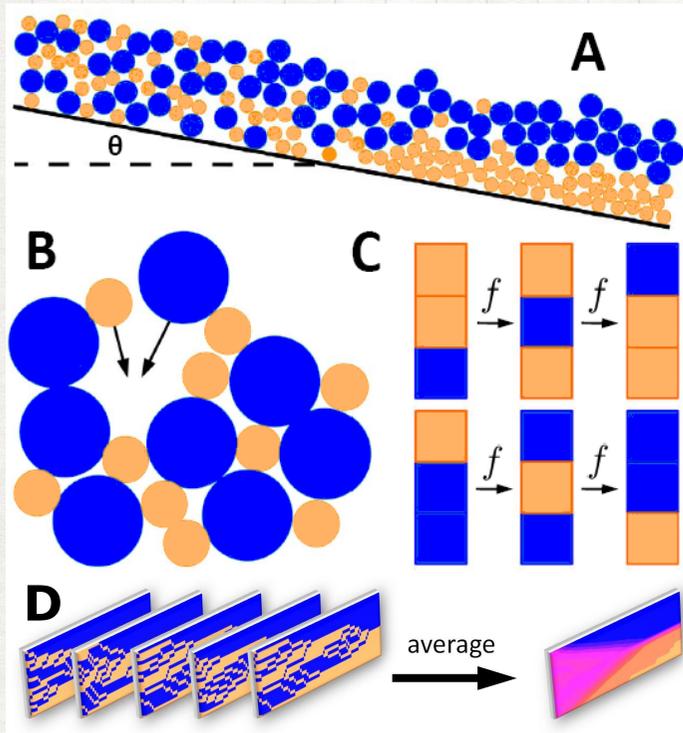
$$x(s, t + \Delta t) = x(s, t) + \hat{u}(x, s, t)\Delta t$$



1) move cells with size-dependent frequency $f = \hat{u}(s)/\Delta z$, for now taken constant

GRAIN SEGREGATION

- AUTOMATA IN 1D (STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL)



$\hat{u} \propto f$ for now taken constant

2) average many simulations

GRAIN SEGREGATION

■ AUTOMATA IN 1D (STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL)

Mass balance of stochastic grainsize fluxes (eg, bi-mixtures)

$$\left[\Phi_s(x, t + \Delta t) - \Phi_s(x, t) \right] \Delta x = \left[\hat{u}_s(x + \frac{1}{2}\Delta x) \Phi_s(x + \Delta x, t) (1 - \Phi_s(x, t)) \right. \\ \left. - \hat{u}_s(x - \frac{1}{2}\Delta x) \Phi_s(x, t) (1 - \Phi_s(x - \Delta x, t)) \right] \Delta t$$

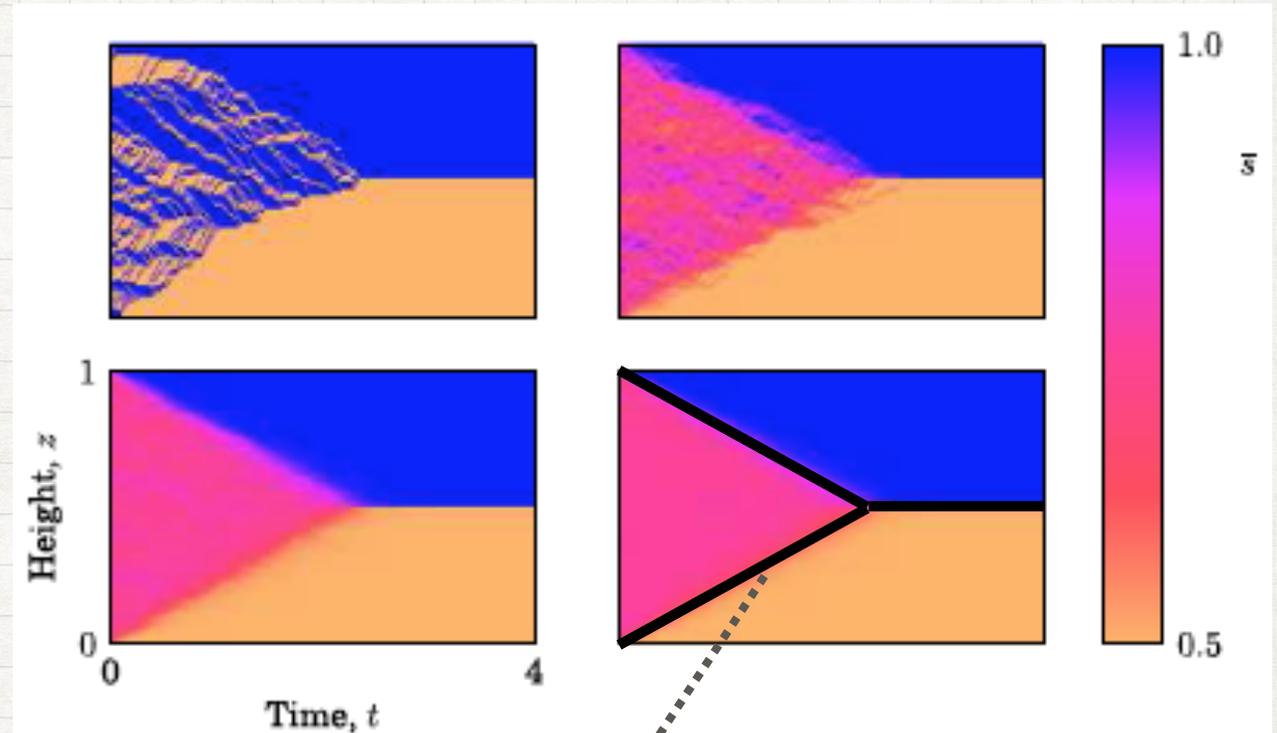
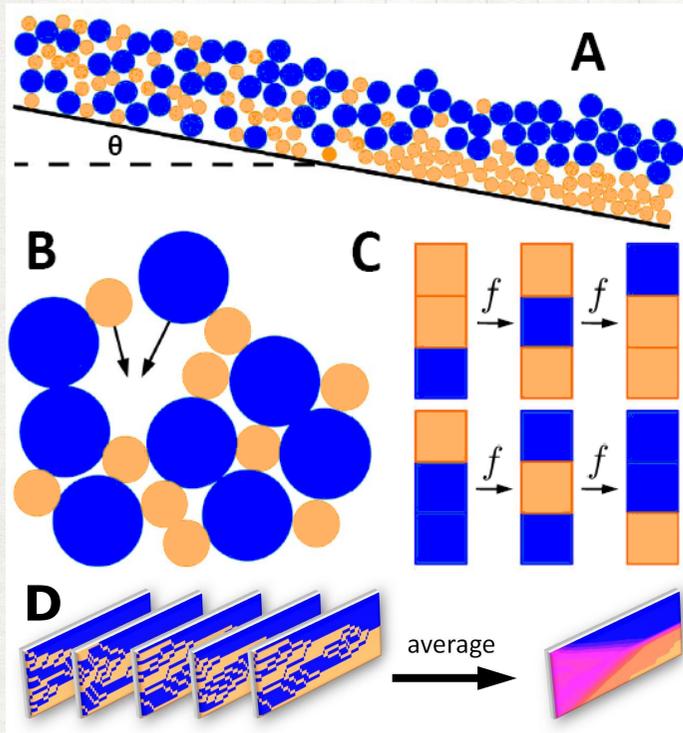
mass fraction of
small particles

$$\partial_t \Phi_s = \partial_s \left[\hat{u}_s \Phi_s (1 - \Phi_s) \right]$$

Taylor expansion

GRAIN SEGREGATION

- AUTOMATA IN 1D (STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL)



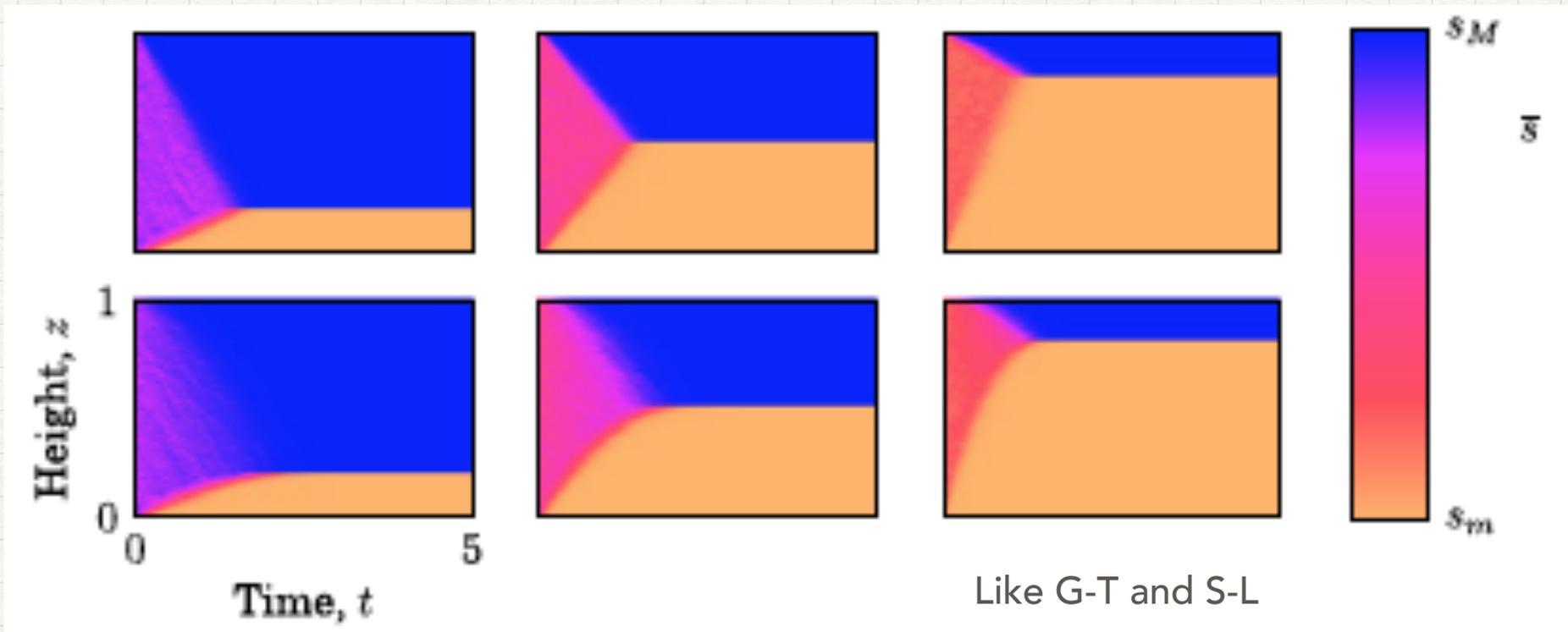
$$\partial_t \Phi_s = \partial_s [\hat{u}_s \Phi_s (1 - \Phi_s)]$$

2) average many simulations

\hat{u} for now taken constant

GRAIN SEGREGATION

- AUTOMATA IN 1D (STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL)

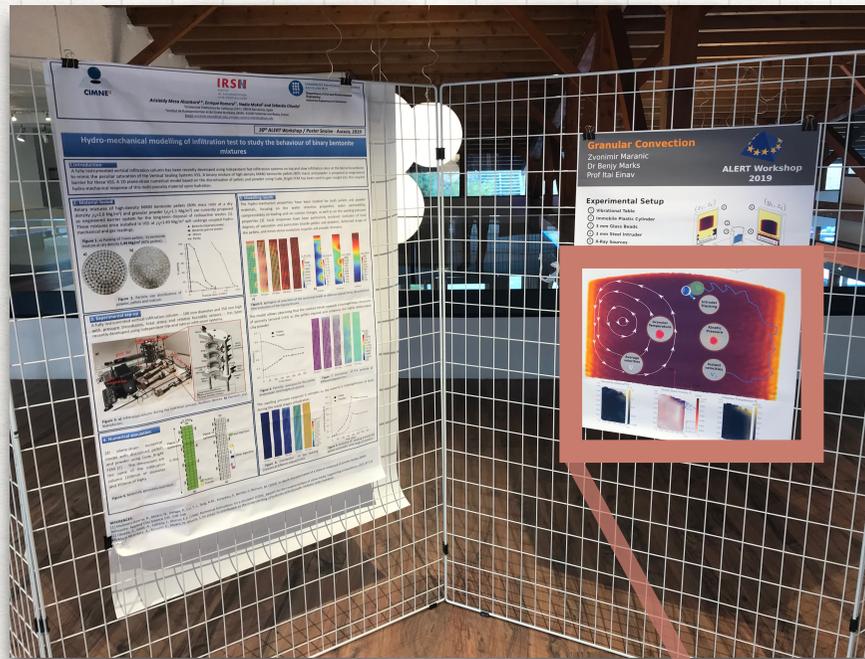


$$\partial_t \Phi_s = \partial_s [\hat{u}_s \Phi_s (1 - \Phi_s)]$$

$$\hat{u}_s \propto |\dot{\gamma}(z)| (s/\bar{s} - 1)$$

GRAIN SEGREGATION

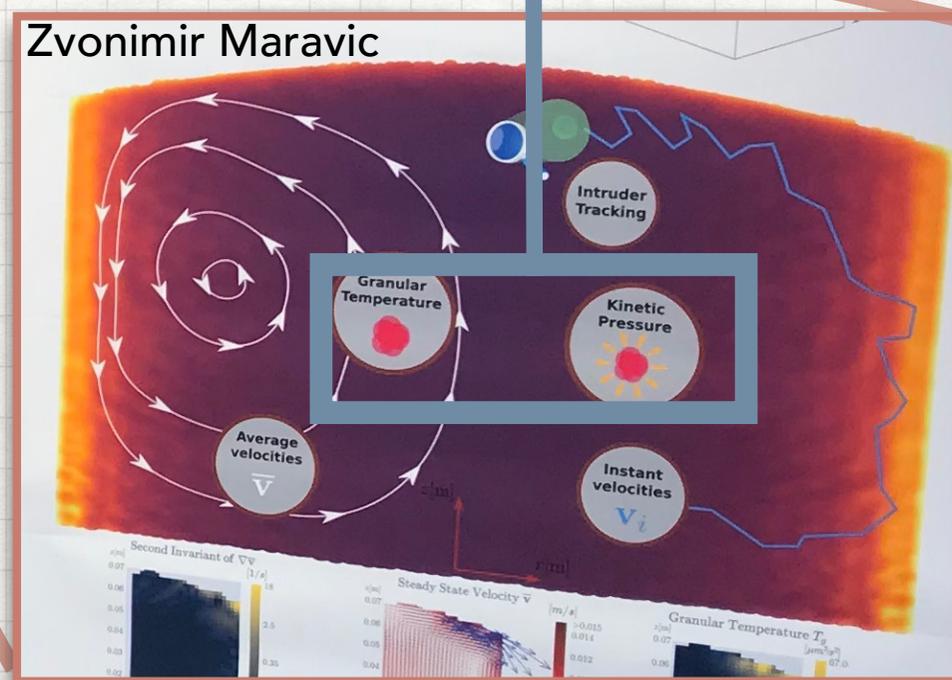
POSTERSIZE DYNAMICS



Ebrahim Alaei

$$\hat{u}_s \propto \nabla p_k \propto \nabla (T_g^2)$$

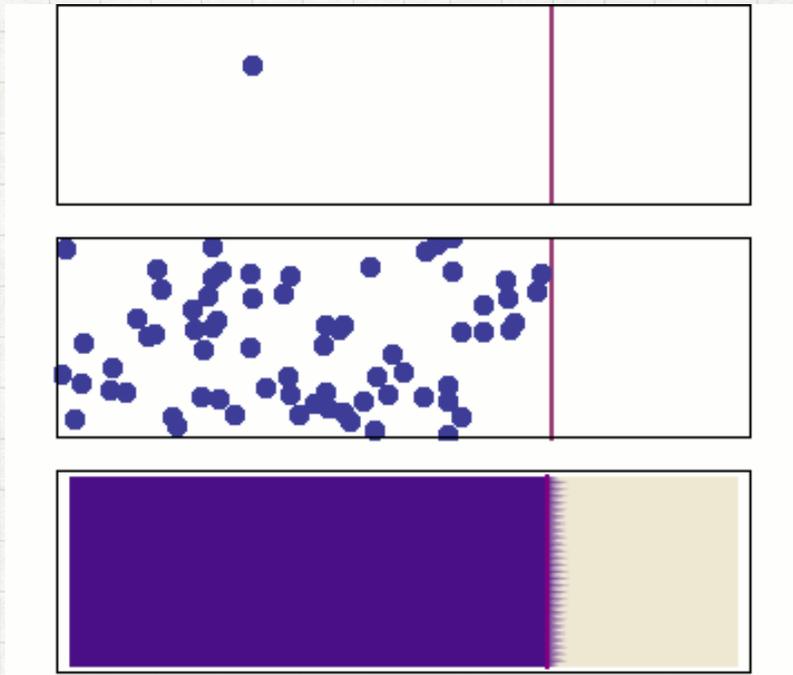
Zvonimir Maravic



MIXING

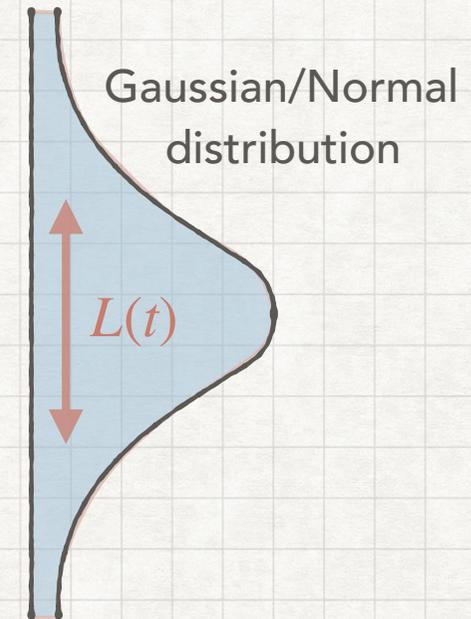
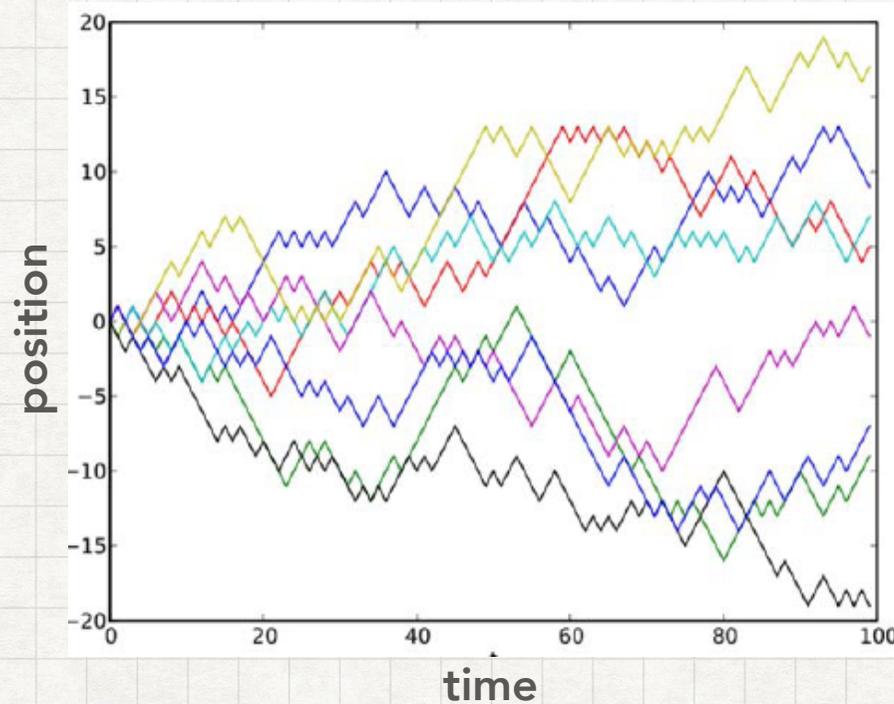
MIXING

- DIFFUSION IN FLUIDS



MIXING

- STOCHASTIC BROWNIAN MOTION (BROWN, 1827)



Averaged position

$$\langle \mathbf{x}_p(t) - \mathbf{x}_p(0) \rangle \approx 0$$

Averaged squared position

$$L^2(t) = \langle \left(\mathbf{x}_p(t) - \mathbf{x}_p(0) \right)^2 \rangle = \beta D t$$

Diffusivity in m^2/s

1D	$\beta=2$
2D	$\beta=4$
3D	$\beta=6$

MIXING

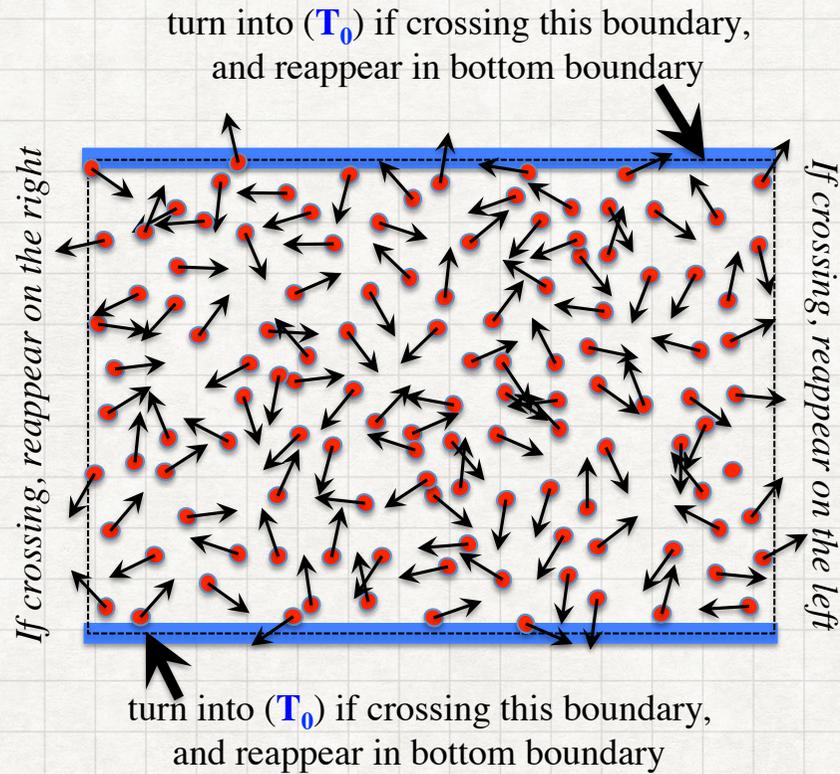
- ANALOGOUS CONTINUUM FICK LAW

$$\partial_t c(x) = D \nabla^2 c(x)$$

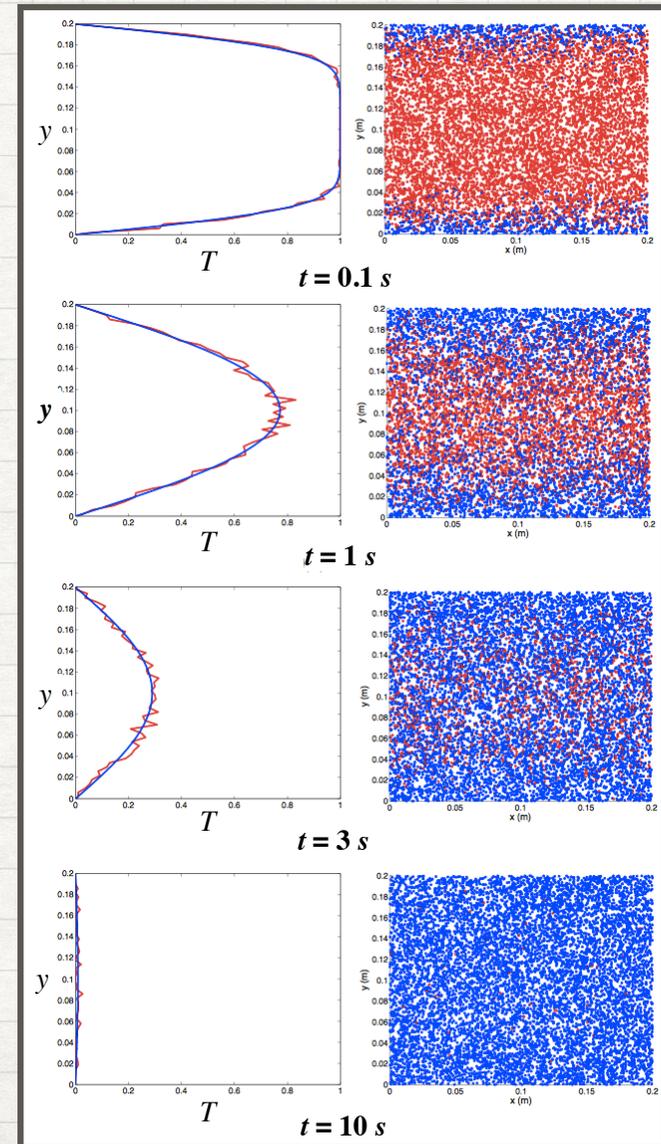
* For derivation from Brownian motion see a paper by one called Einstein (1905)

MIXING

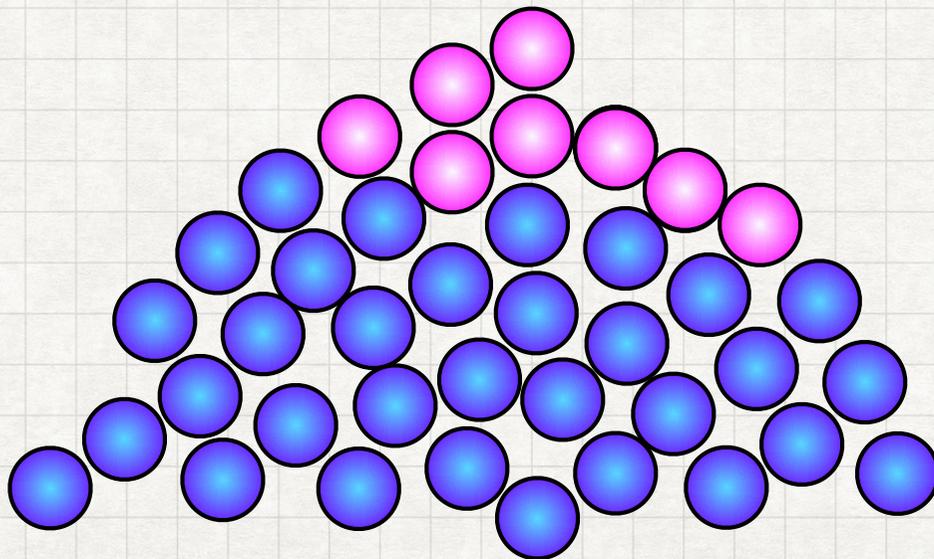
- FICK LAW VS STOCHASTIC SIMULATION (CHECK AT HOME)



$$\beta = 4 \quad \rightarrow \quad v_p = 2\sqrt{\frac{D}{t}}$$

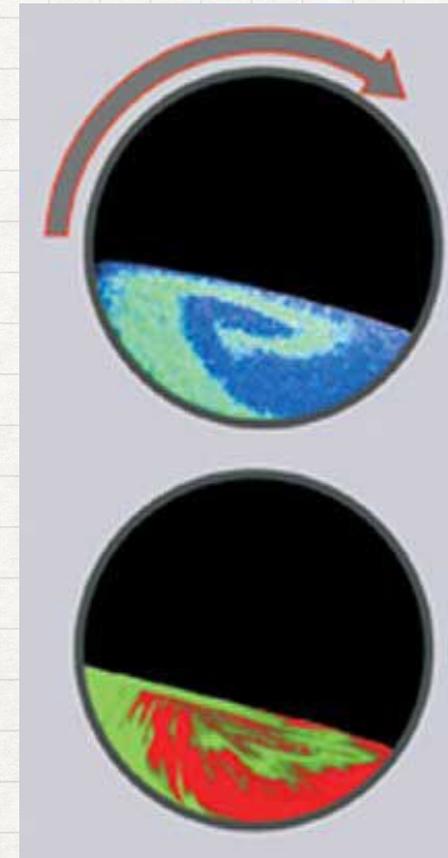
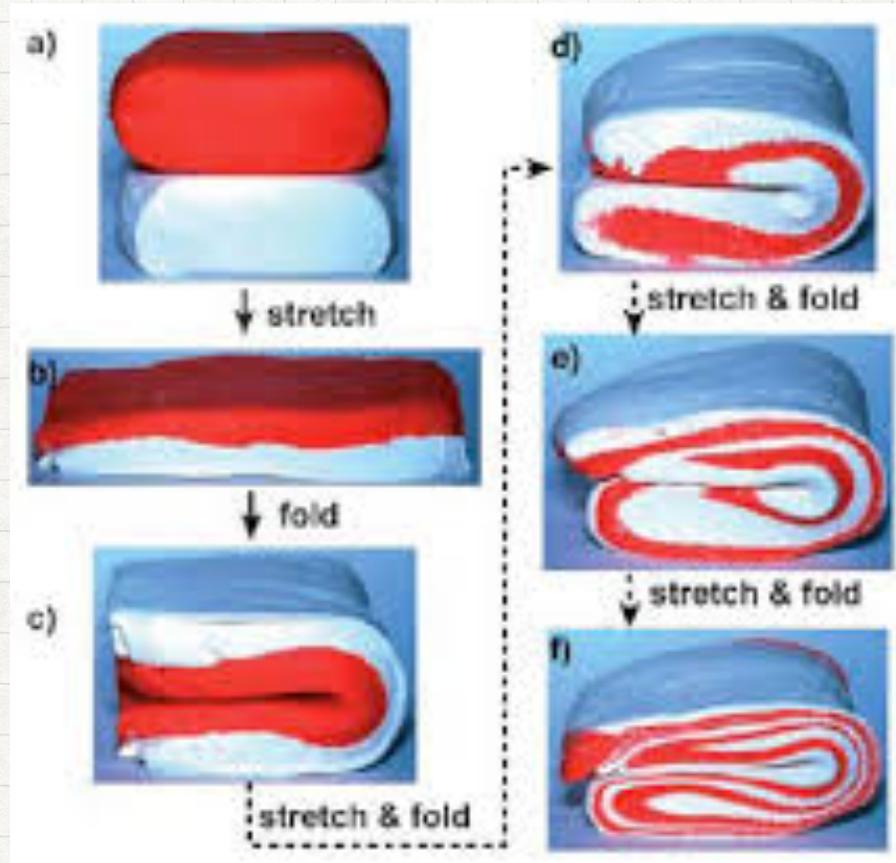


Wait, wait, and wait, but unlike atoms, why not mixing?



MIXING OF GRAINS

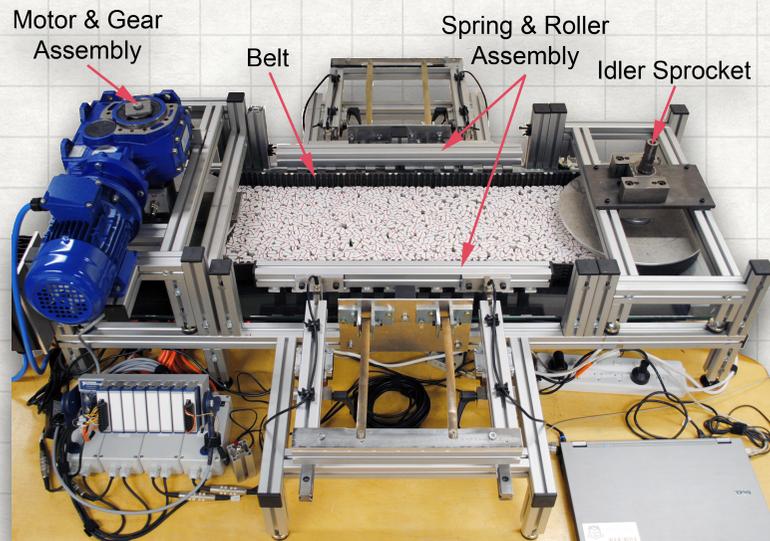
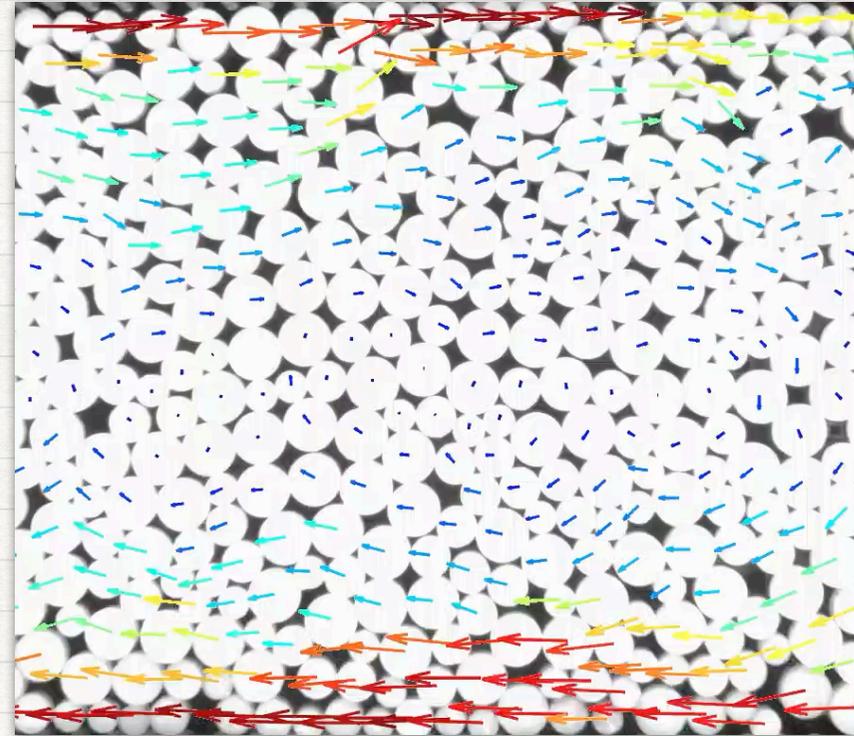
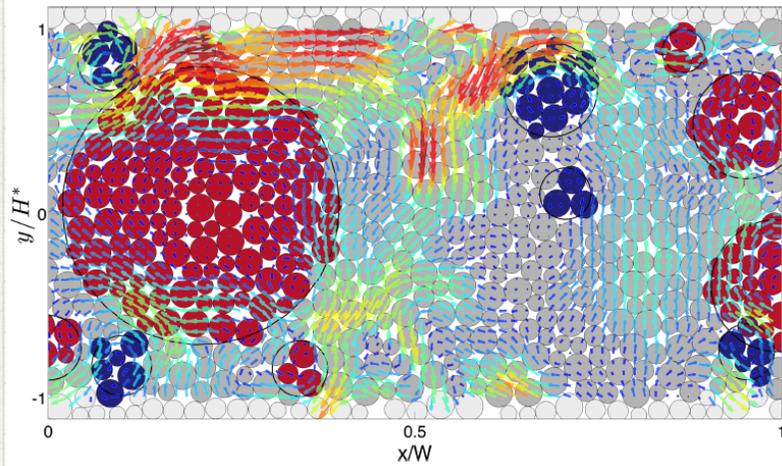
- CHAOTIC ADVECTION



Explainable by momentum and mass conservation equations for bulk motion...

MIXING OF GRAINS

■ SHEAR INDUCED DIFFUSION



Stadium Shear Device

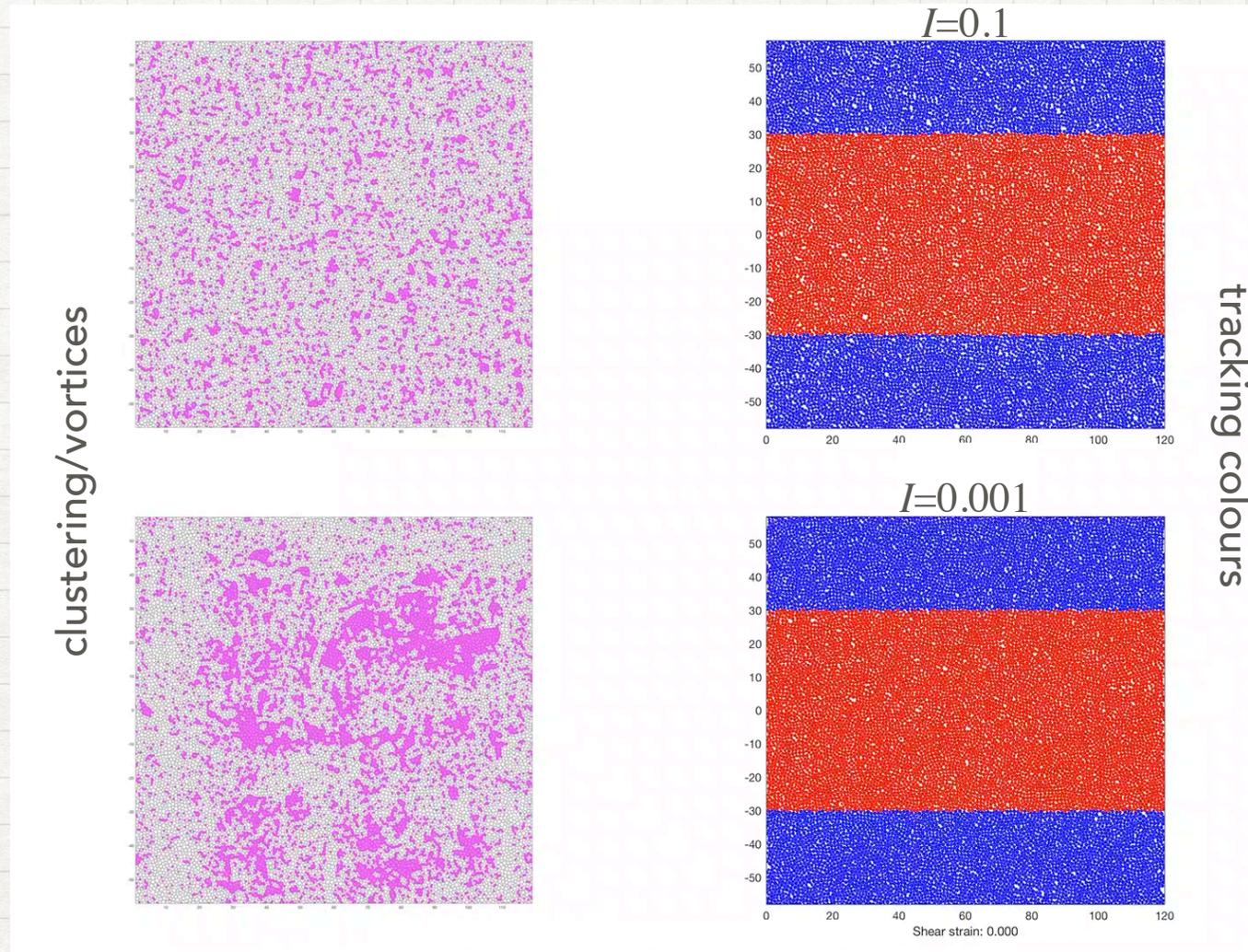
Miller-Rognon-Einav, PRL 2013

Inertial number $I = \dot{\gamma} d \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{p}}$

Vortex size $l_{vortex} \propto \frac{d}{\sqrt{I}}$

MIXING OF GRAINS

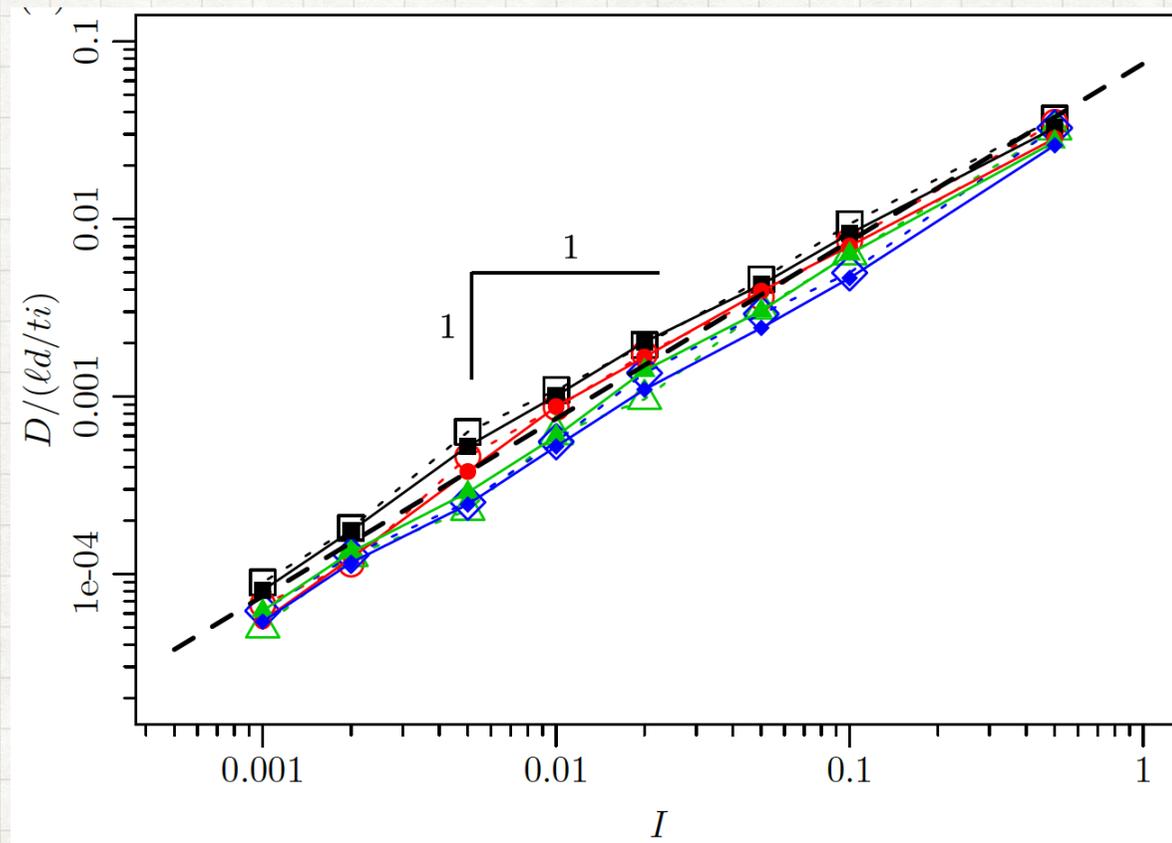
- SHEAR INDUCED DIFFUSION



Discrete Element Method simulations

MIXING OF GRAINS

- SHEAR INDUCED DIFFUSION



$$D \propto [l_{vortex} d] \dot{\gamma} \propto \frac{\dot{\gamma} d^2}{\sqrt{I}}$$

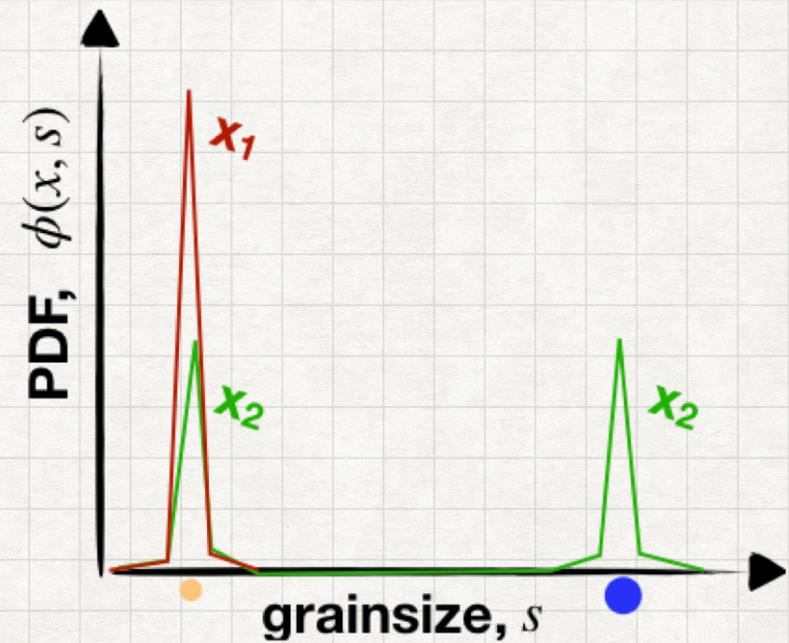
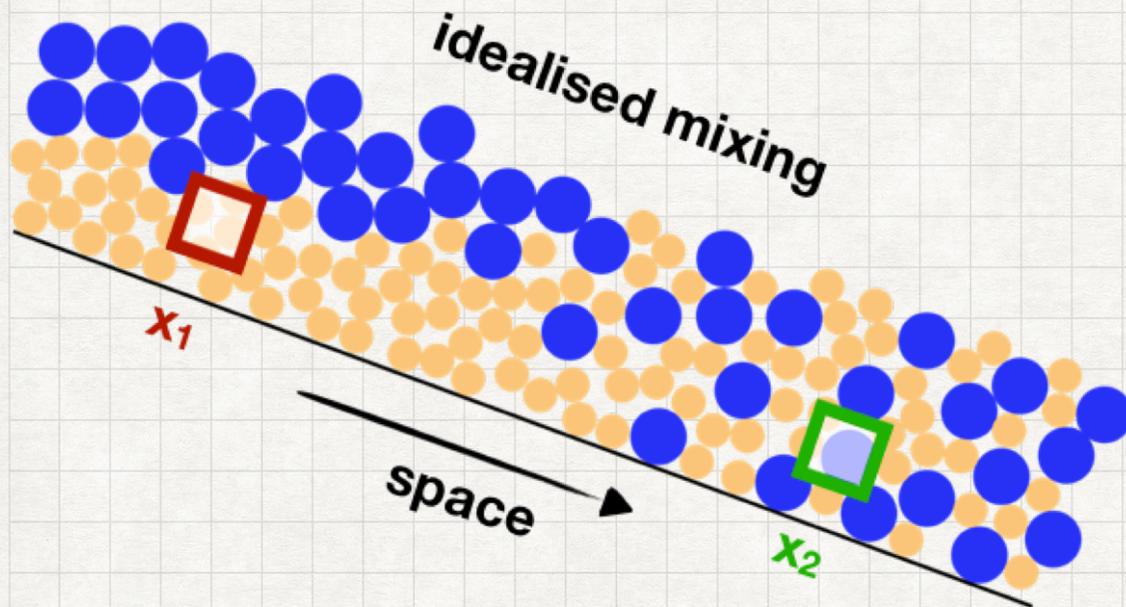
MIXING OF GRAINS

- GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS

$$\partial_t [\phi(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t})] = \nabla^2 [D\phi]$$

MIXING OF GRAINS

- IN ONE DIMENSION

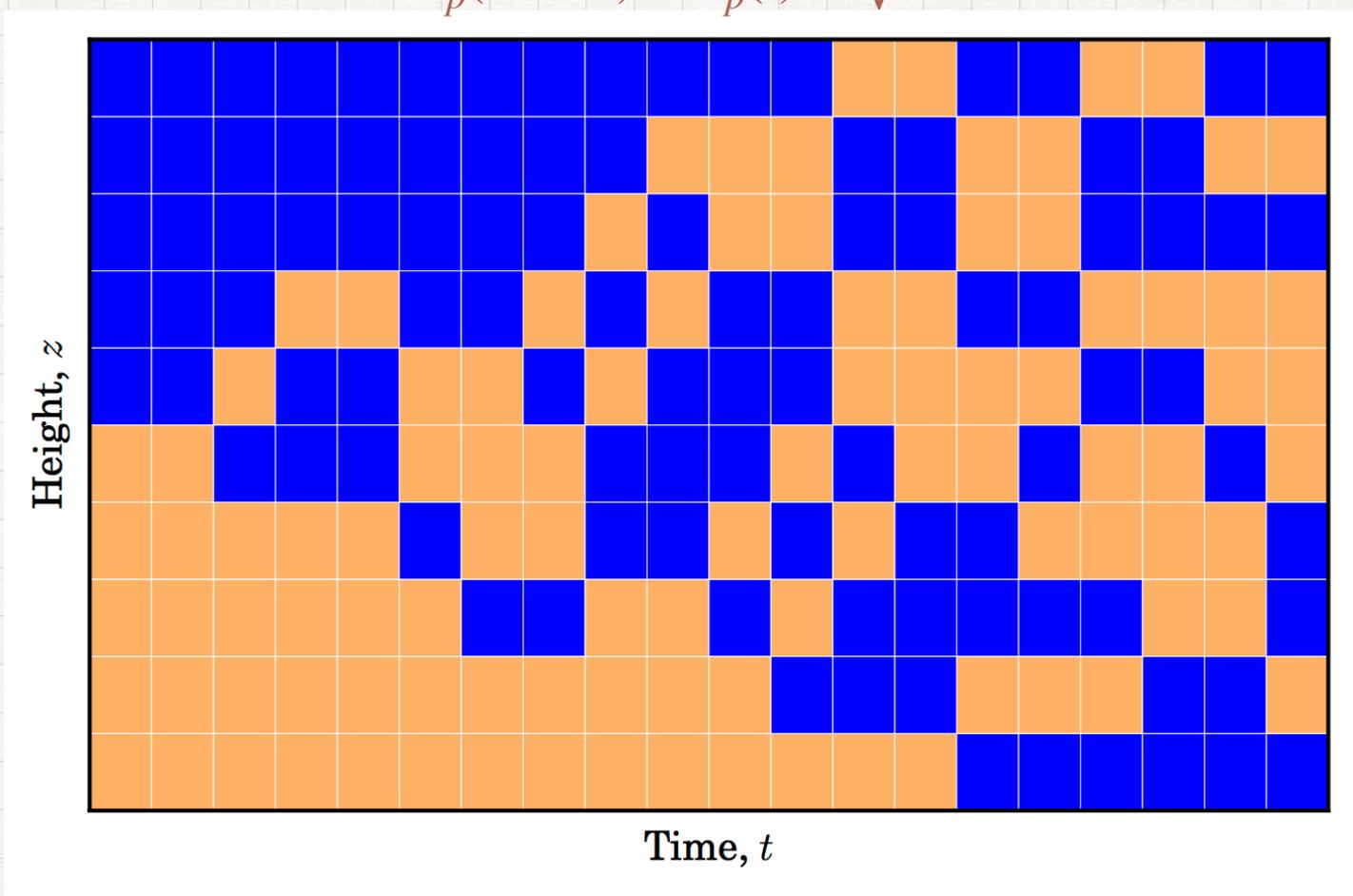


MIXING OF GRAINS

- STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL

$$x_p(t + \Delta t) = x_p(t) \pm \sqrt{2D\Delta t}$$

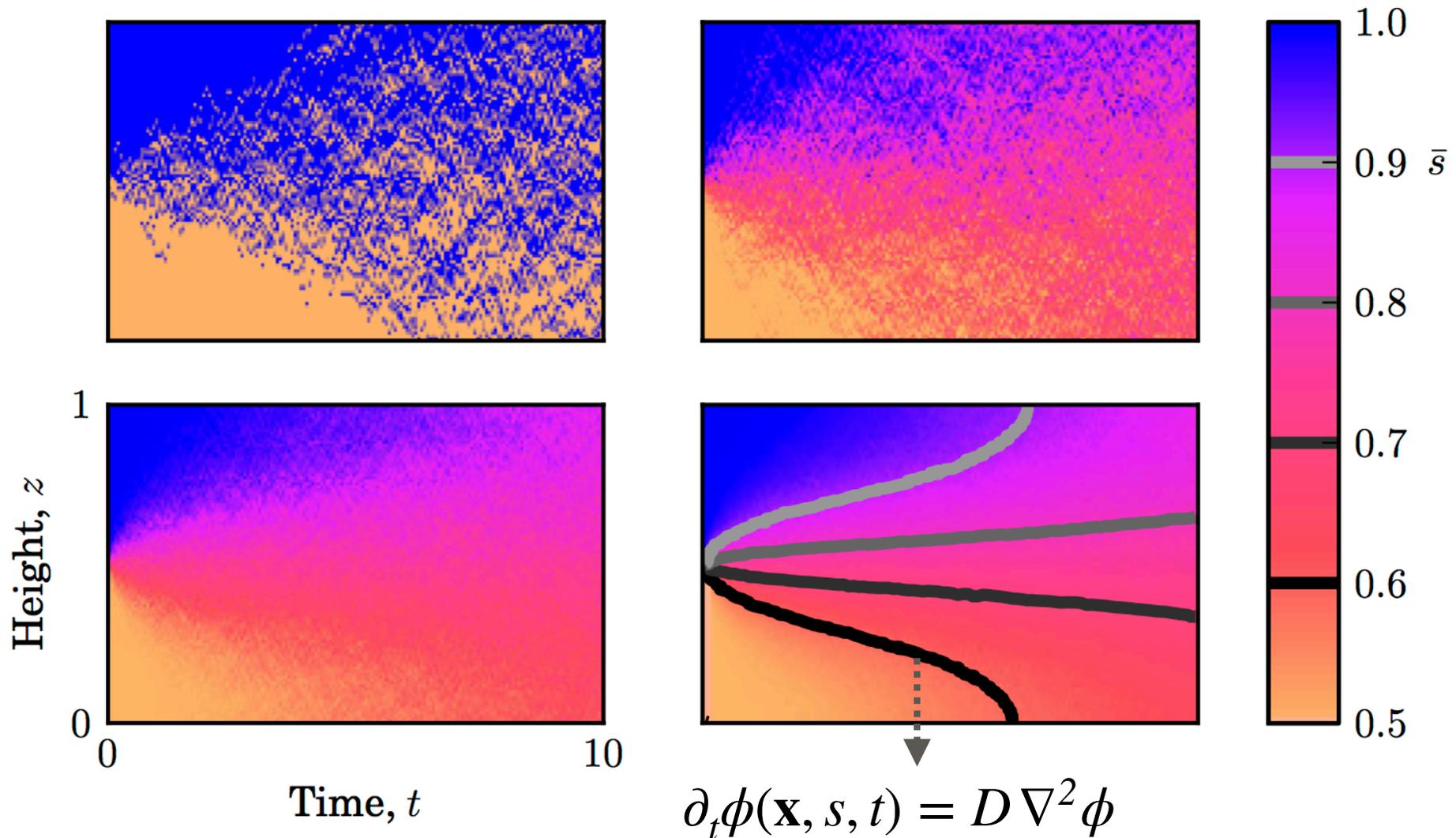
$\beta = 2$



1) Swap cells at a (stochastic) frequency determined by 1D diffusivity D

MIXING OF GRAINS

■ STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL



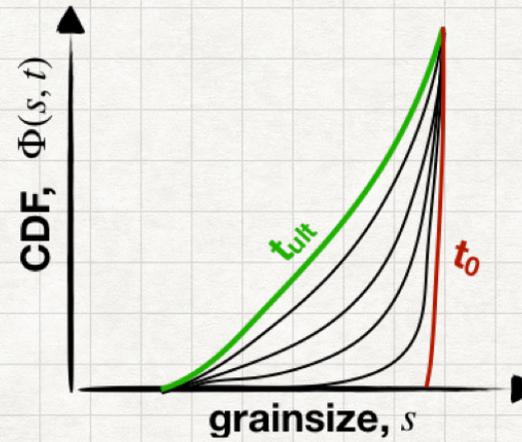
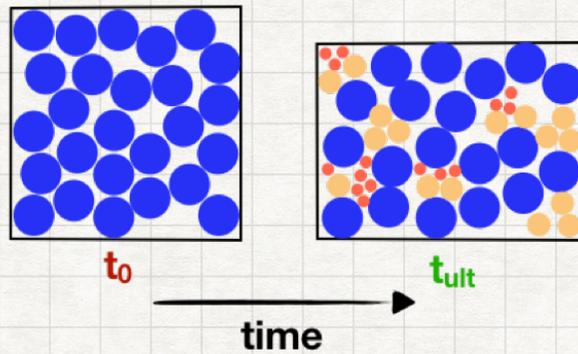
2) Average many simulations

CRUSHING

GRAIN CRUSHING

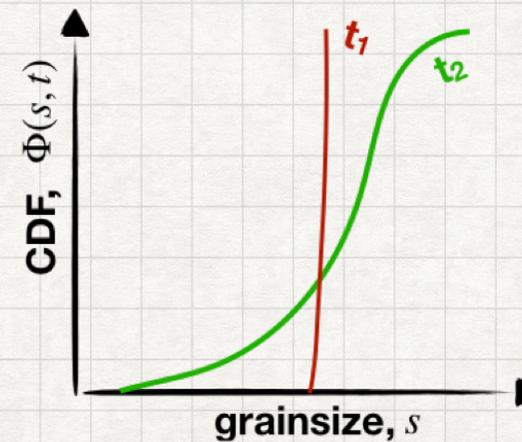
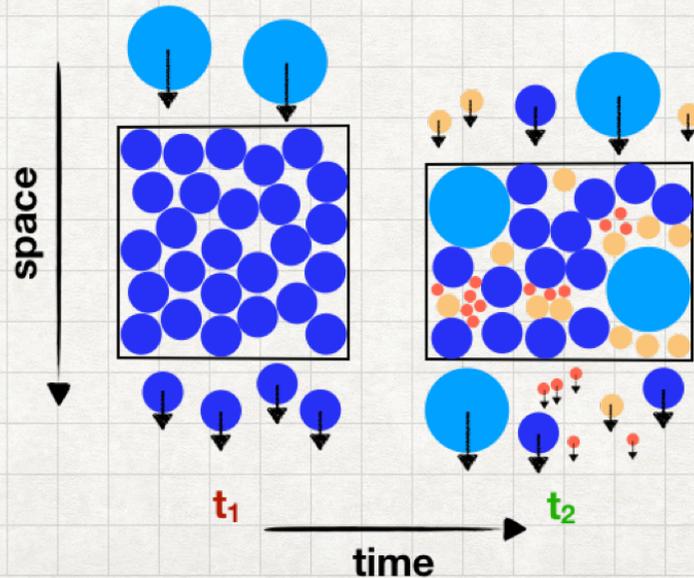
■ OPEN VS CLOSED SYSTEMS

crushing in closed-system



Where Breakage
Mechanics work...

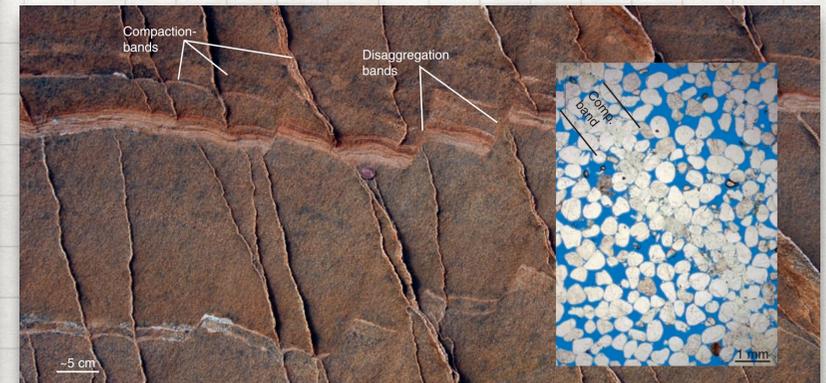
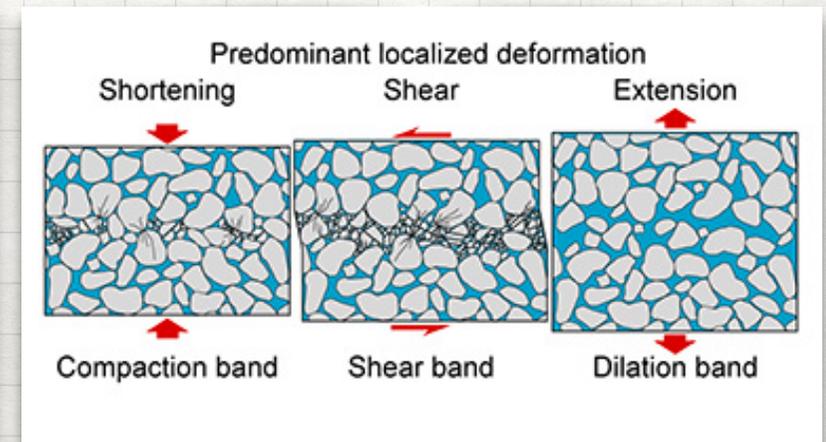
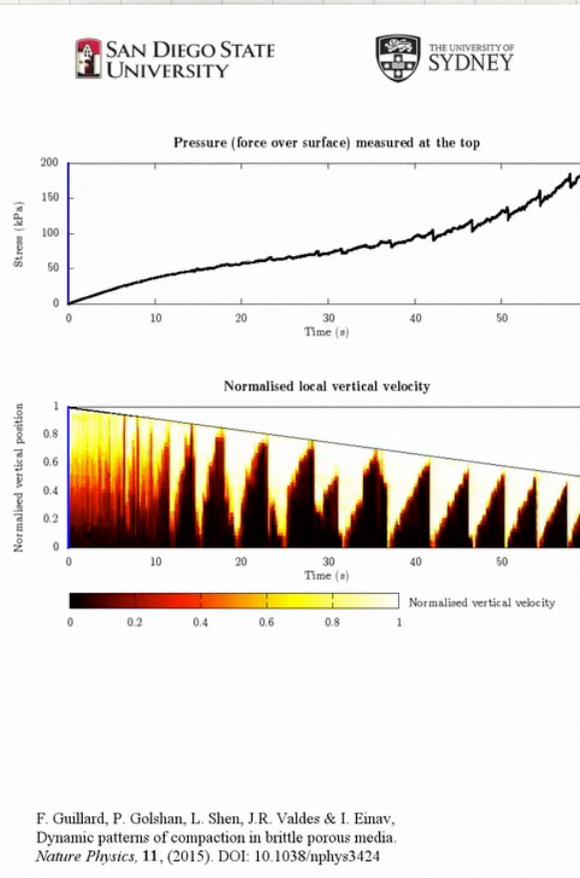
crushing in open-system



Where Breakage
Mechanics does
not work...

GRAIN CRUSHING

- CLOSED-SYSTEM TREATMENT SUFFICIENT



GRAIN CRUSHING

- OPEN-SYSTEM APPROACH REQUIRED



CRUSHING OF A SINGLE PARTICLE

WEIBULL'S WEAKEST LINK THEORY (FOR CHAINS)



Survival probability of a chain with N links

$$P_s(F_{cr}, N) = \exp \left[-N \left(\frac{F_{cr}}{F_{ref}} \right)^w \right]$$

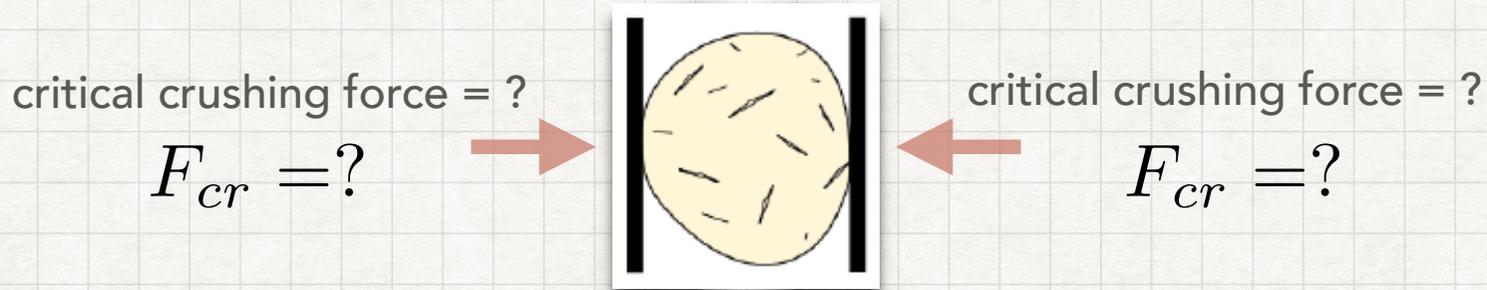
for a given survival probability

$$F_{cr} \propto N^{1/w}$$

Weibull (1931)

CRUSHING OF A SINGLE PARTICLE

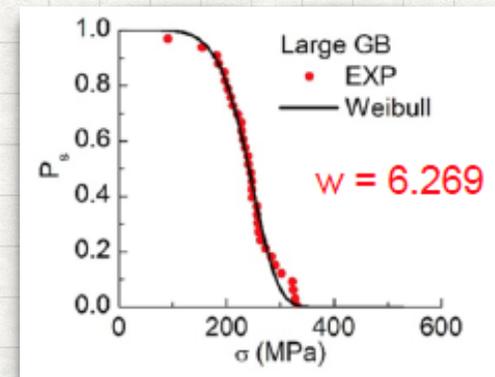
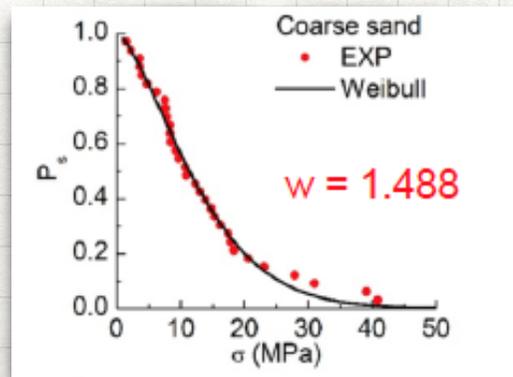
- WEIBULL'S WEAKEST LINK THEORY (FOR PARTICLES)



Survival probability of a sphere with volume V_p

$$P_s(\sigma_{pc}, V_p) = \exp \left[- \frac{V_p}{V_{ref}} \left(\frac{\sigma_{pc}}{\sigma_{ref}} \right)^w \right]$$

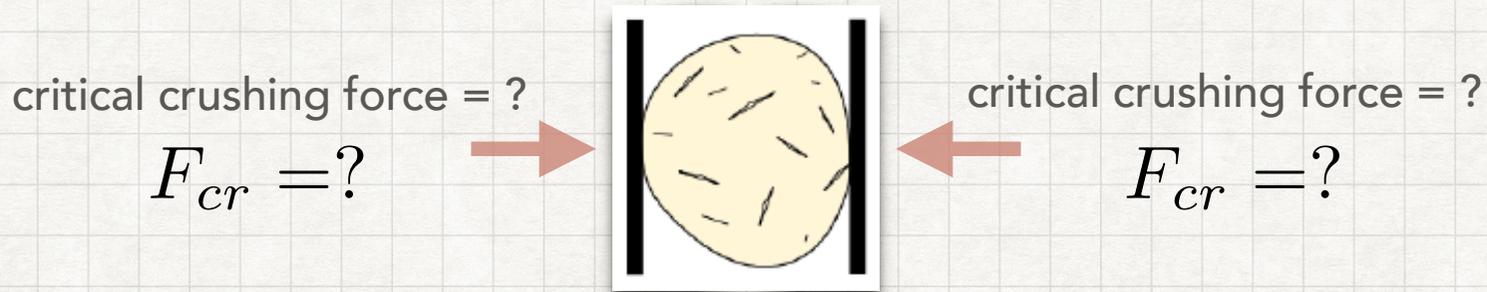
Sand particles
(quite heterogeneous)



Glass Bead
(quite homogeneous)

CRUSHING OF A SINGLE PARTICLE

- WEIBULL'S WEAKEST LINK THEORY (FOR PARTICLES)



Survival probability of a sphere with volume V_p

$$P_s(\sigma_{pc}, V_p) = \exp \left[-\frac{V_p}{V_{\text{ref}}} \left(\frac{\sigma_{pc}}{\sigma_{\text{ref}}} \right)^w \right]$$

for a given survival probability

Mogi (1962);
McDowell-Bolton (1996)

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{pc} &\propto V_p^{-1/w} \\ &= d_p^{-3/w} \end{aligned}$$

$$F_{cr} \approx \sigma_{pc} d_p^2 \propto d_p^{2 - \frac{3}{w}}$$

CRUSHING OF A SINGLE PARTICLE

- SIZE DEPENDENCE



$$F_{cr} \propto d_p^{3/2}$$

Centre crack
($w = 6$)

$$\sigma_{pc} \propto d_p^{-1/2}$$

$$F_{cr} \propto d_p^{2 - \frac{3}{w}}$$

Weibull
scaling

$$\sigma_{pc} \propto d_p^{-3/w}$$

$$F_{cr} \propto d_p^{1/2}$$

($w = 2$)
Contact crack

$$\sigma_{pc} \propto d_p^{-3/2}$$

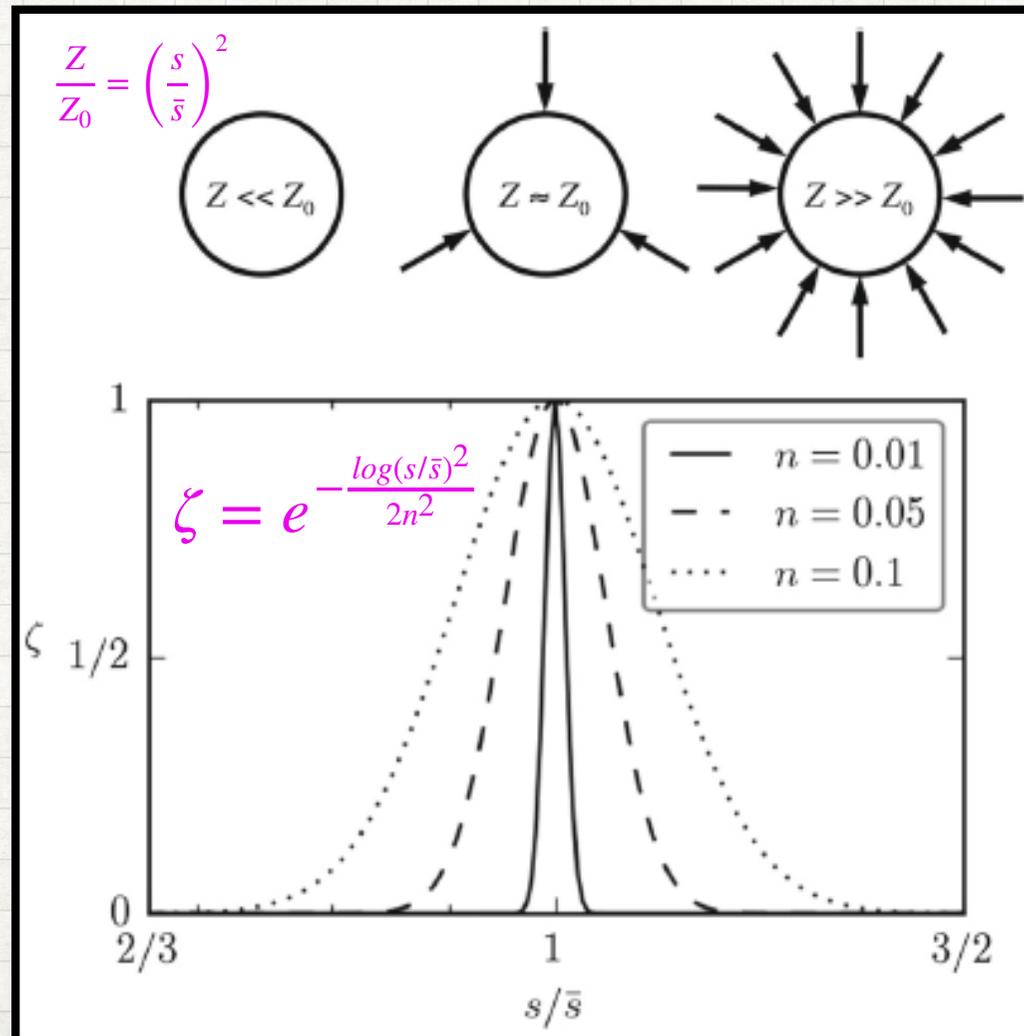
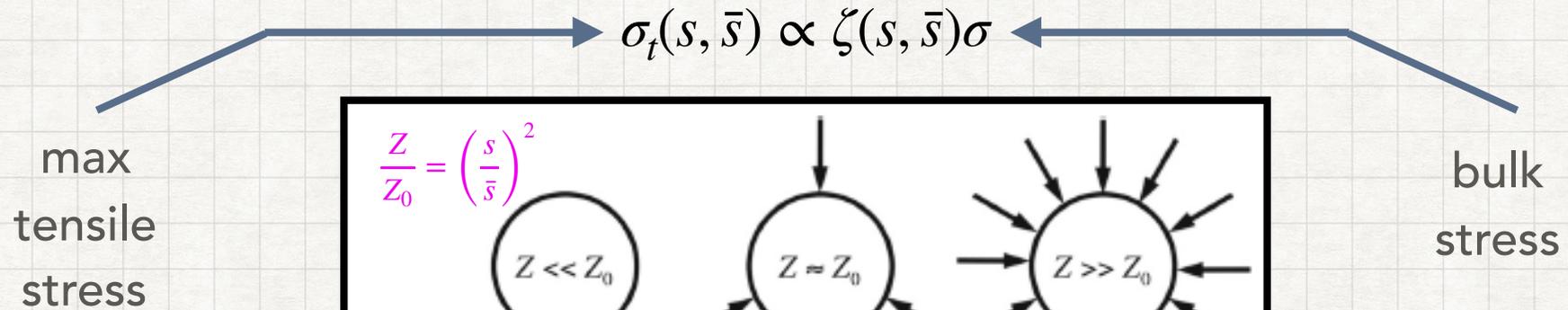
CRUSHING OF A SINGLE PARTICLE

- CUSHIONING EFFECT



CRUSHING OF A SINGLE PARTICLE

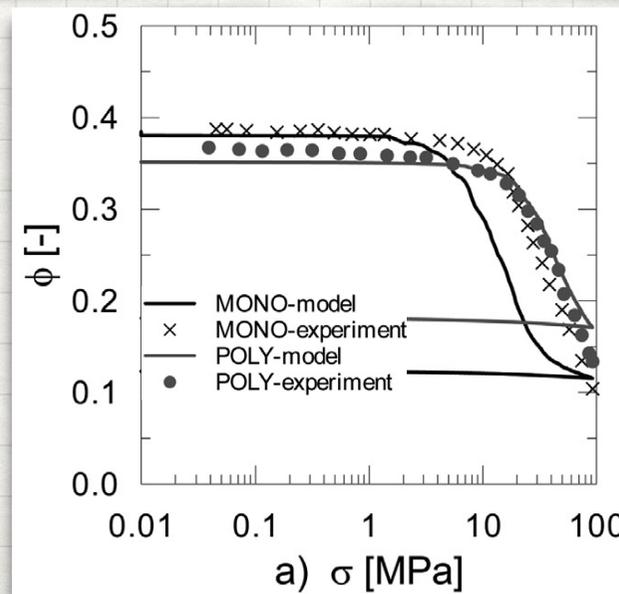
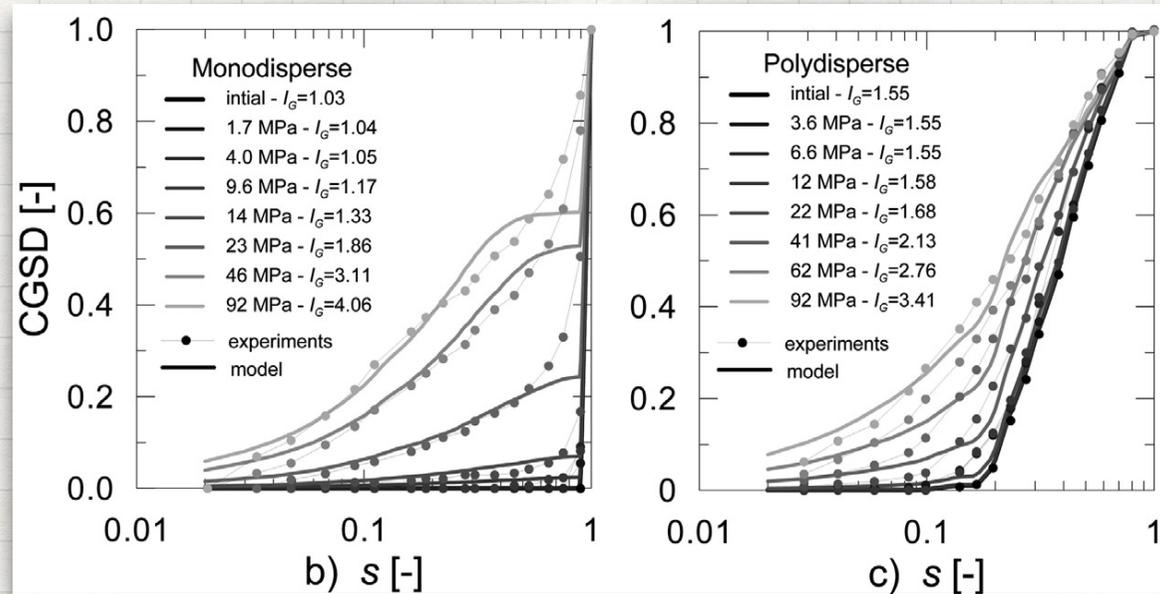
■ CUSHIONING FACTOR ζ



CRUSHING OF GRANULAR ASSEMBLY

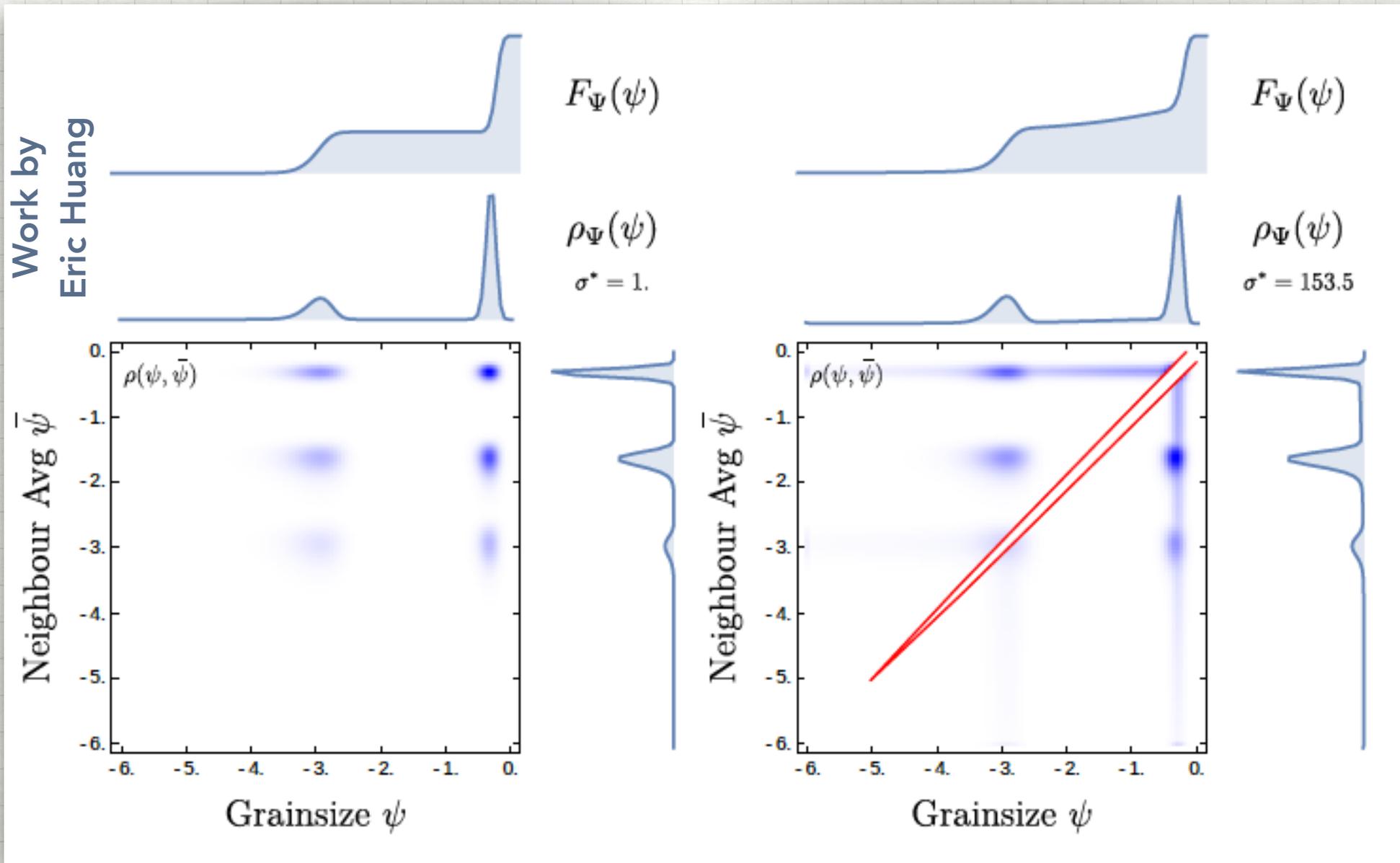
K0 COMPRESSION WITH POROSITY REDUCTION

Link GSD to
porosity evolution



CRUSHING OF GRANULAR ASSEMBLY

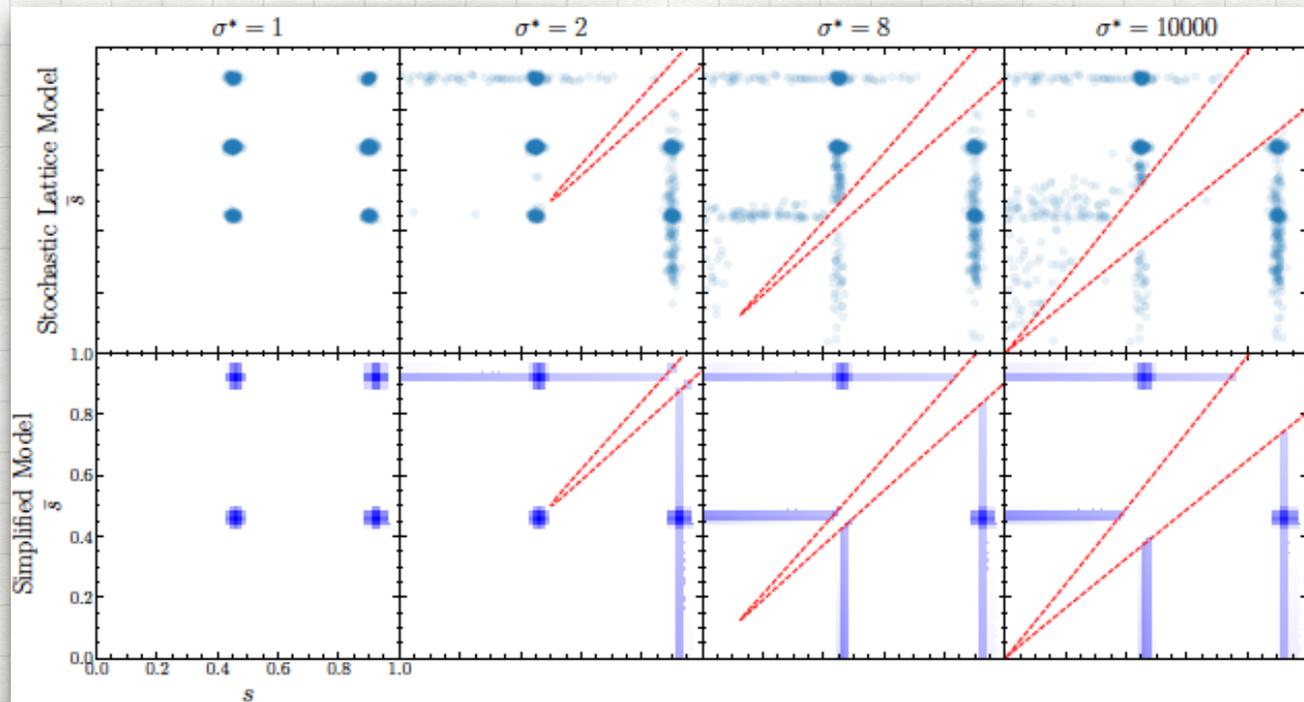
- HOMOGENISATION FROM STOCHASTIC TO CONTINUA



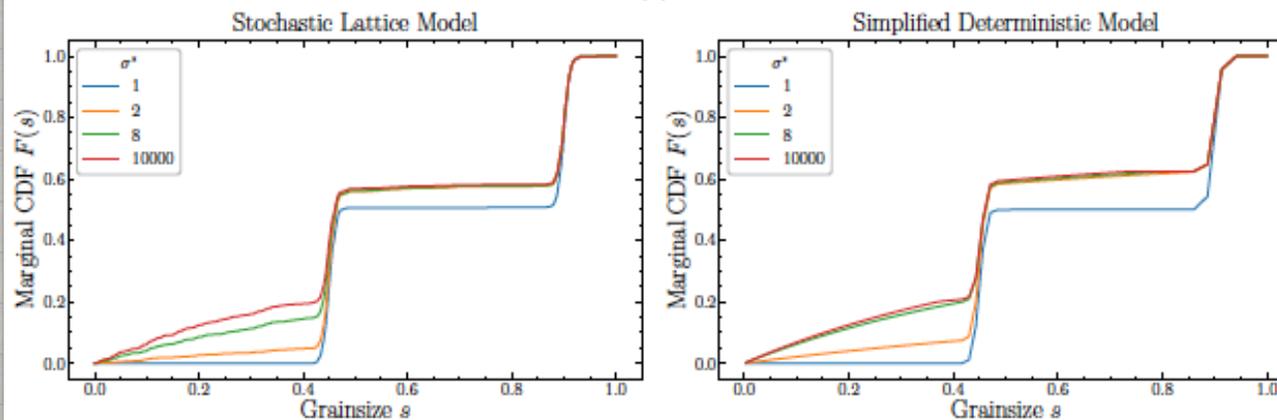
CRUSHING OF GRANULAR ASSEMBLY

- HOMOGENISATION FROM STOCHASTIC TO CONTINUA

Work by
Eric Huang



(a)

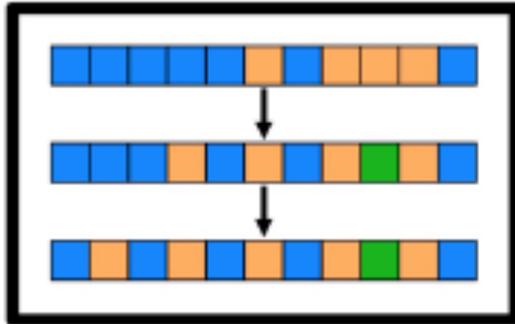


COMBINED GRAINSIZE DYNAMICS

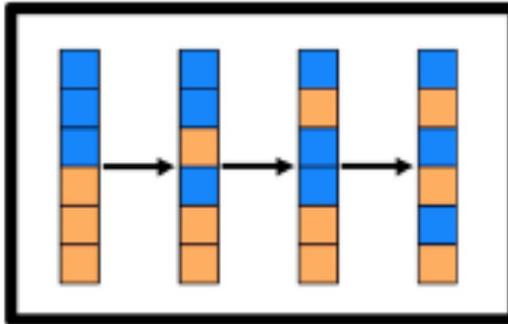
COMBINED DYNAMICS

- STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL

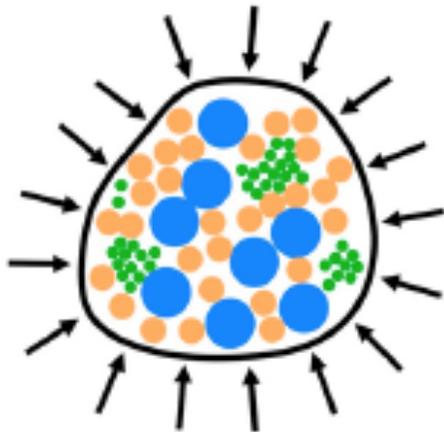
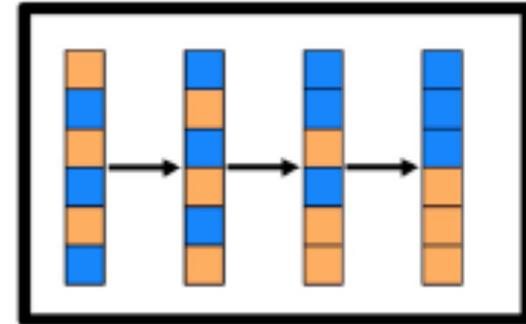
(a) Crushing - rule 1



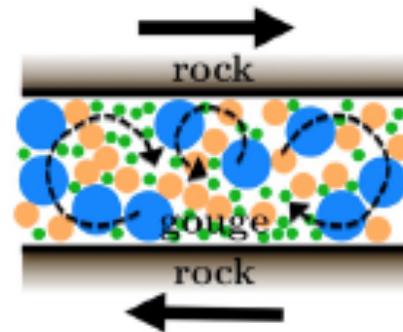
(b) Mixing - rule 2



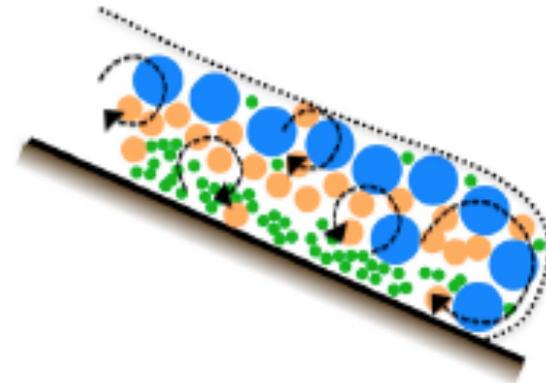
(c) Segregation - rule 3



(d) Confined comminution:
rule 1



(e) Earthquake faulting:
rules 1+2

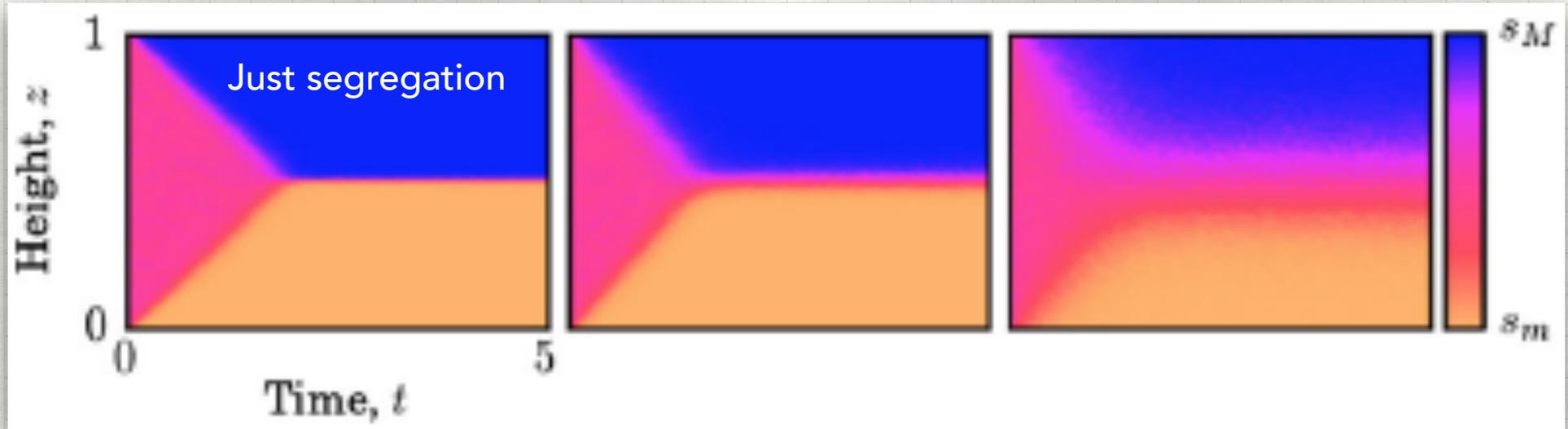


(f) Avalanching:
rules 1+2+3

SEGREGATION & MIXING

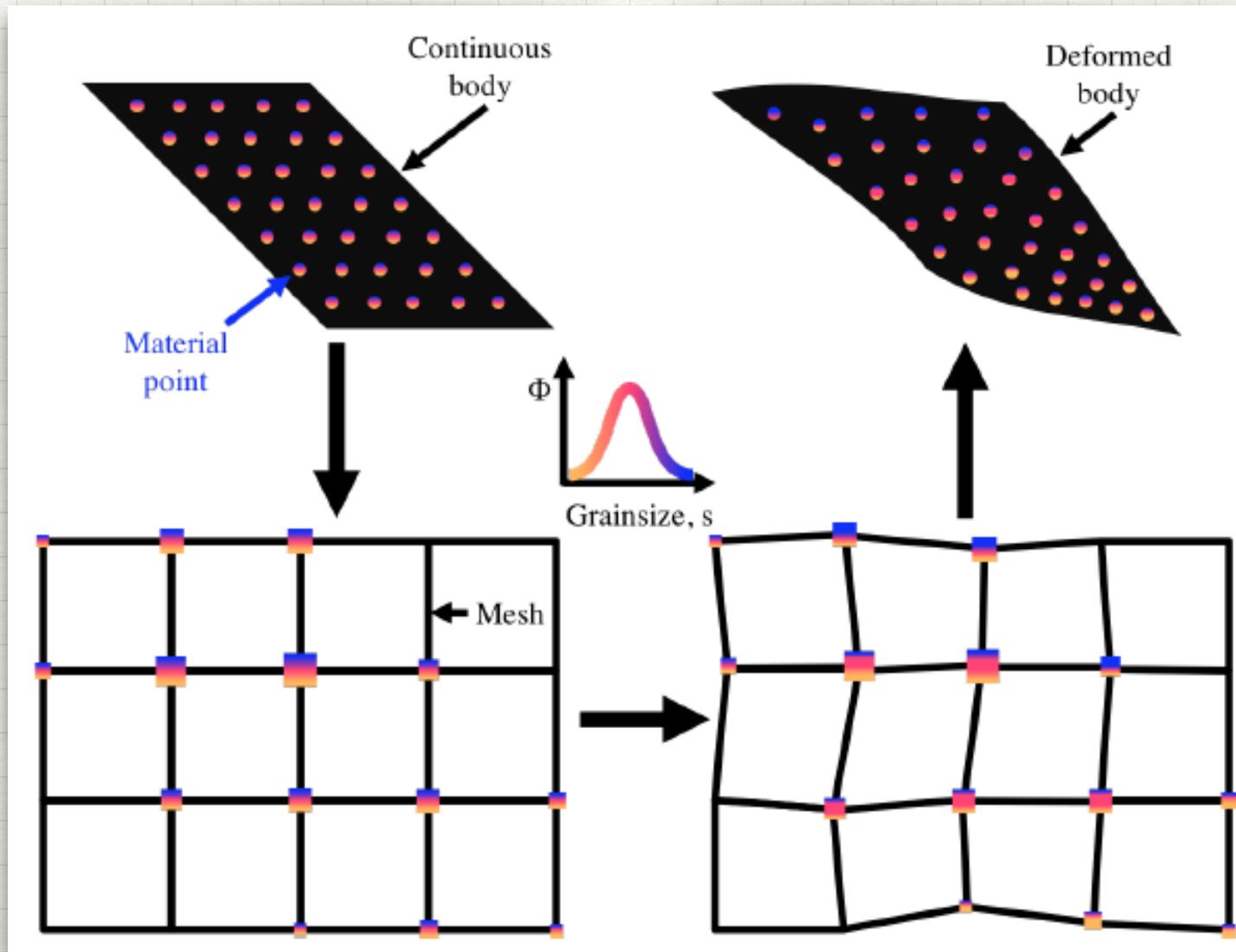
- STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL

adding mixing
(increasing D)



SEGREGATION & MIXING

■ 'HETERARCHIAL' MATERIAL POINT METHOD



SEGREGATION & MIXING

- 'HETERARCHIAL' MATERIAL POINT POINT

see book chapter

Mass balance $\partial_t \rho + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{u}) = 0$

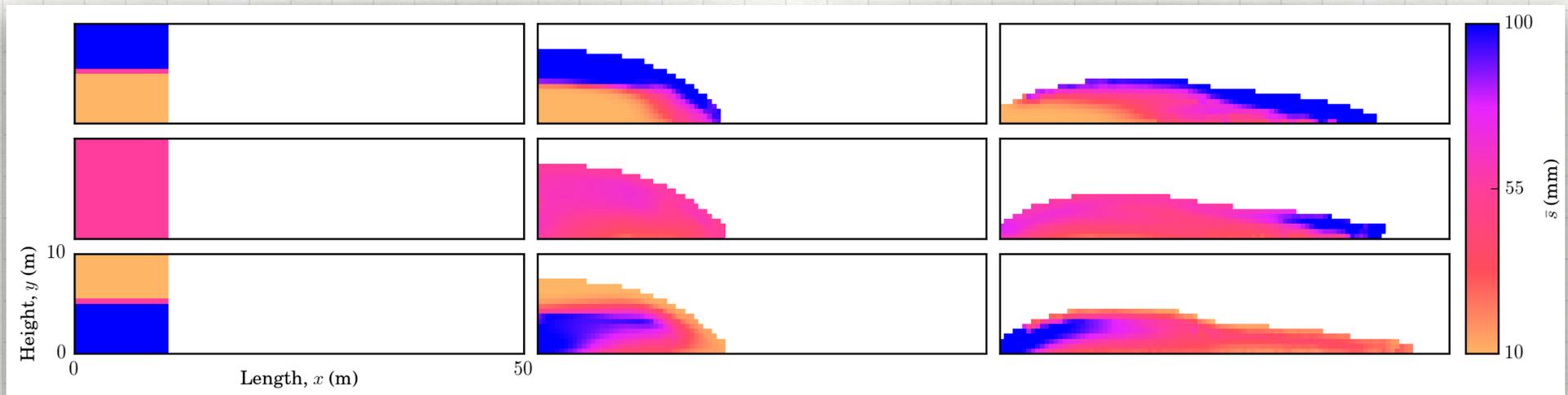
Momentum balance $\partial_t(\rho \mathbf{u}) + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{u} \otimes \mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{F}_\rho$

with segregation velocity $\hat{u}_s \propto \nabla p_k \propto \nabla(T_g^2)$

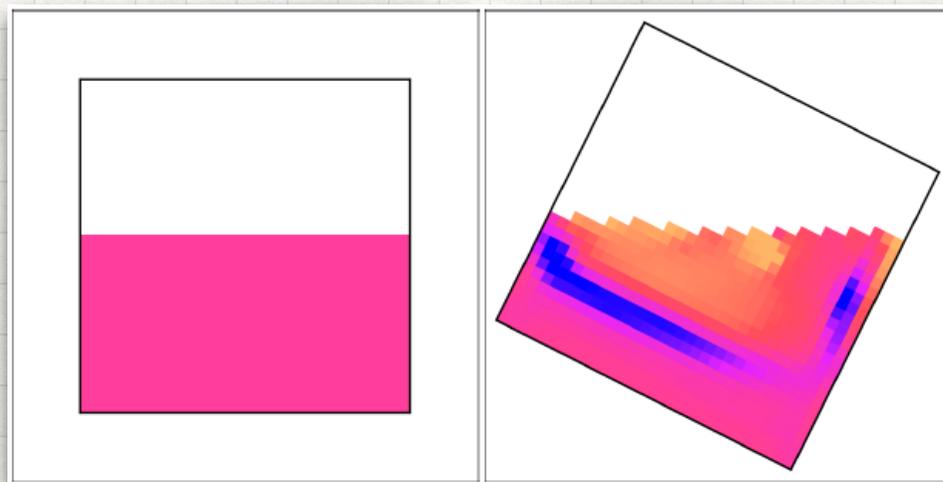


SEGREGATION & MIXING (& RHEOLOGY)

■ 'HETERARCHIAL' MATERIAL POINT POINT



Breaking dam (inclined slope)

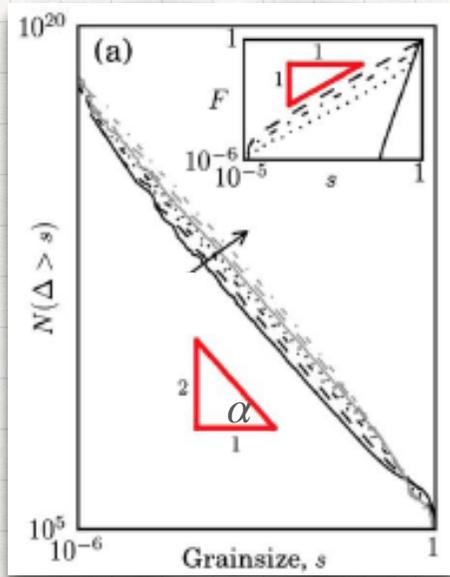


Rotating square drum

MIXING & CRUSHING

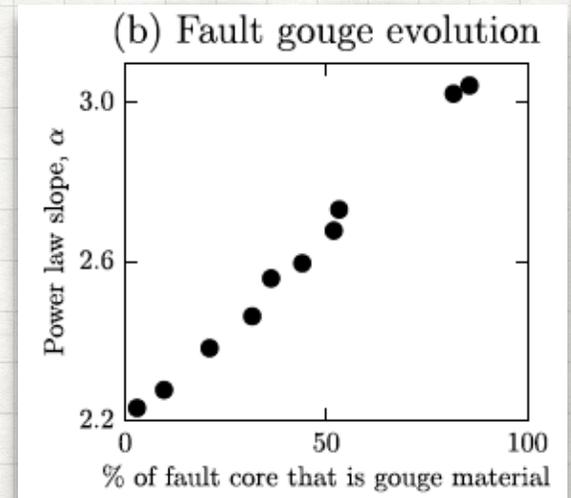
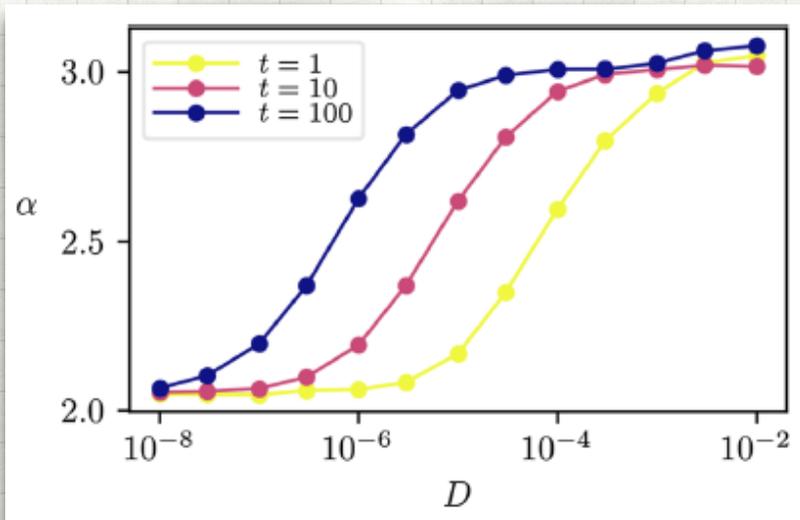
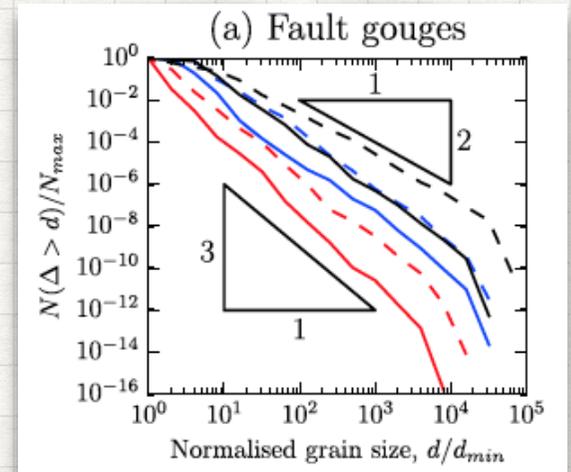
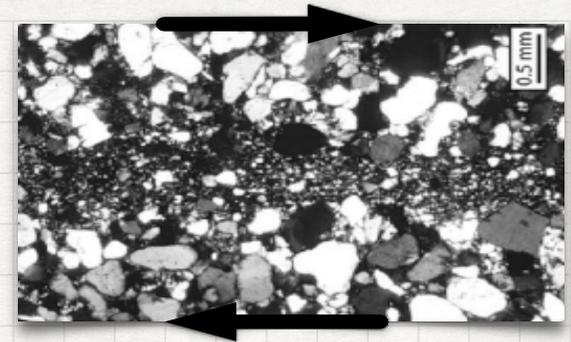
■ STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL

No mixing
 $D = 0$



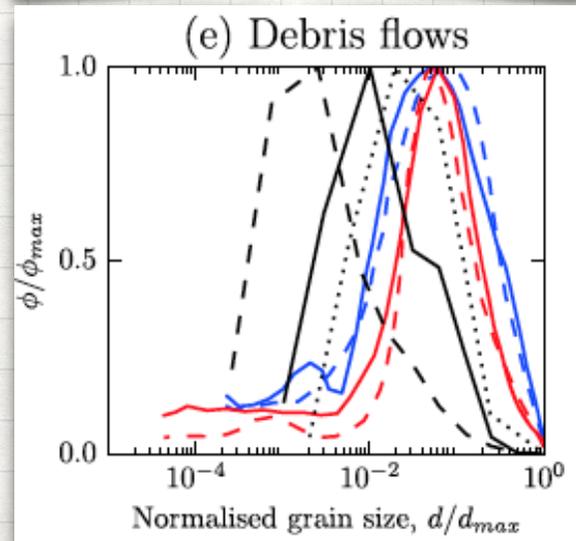
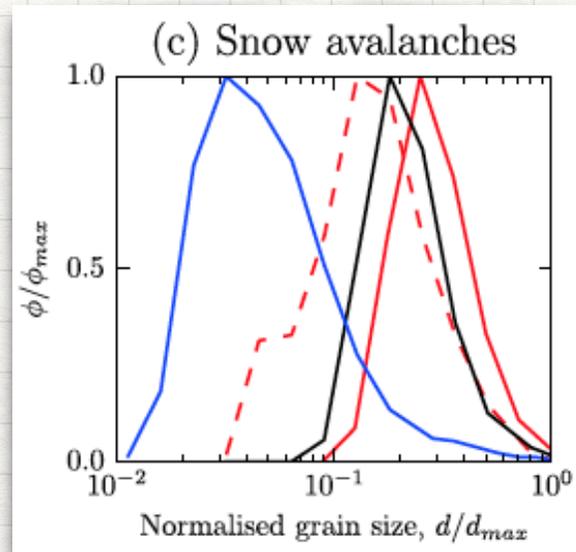
Model

Faults

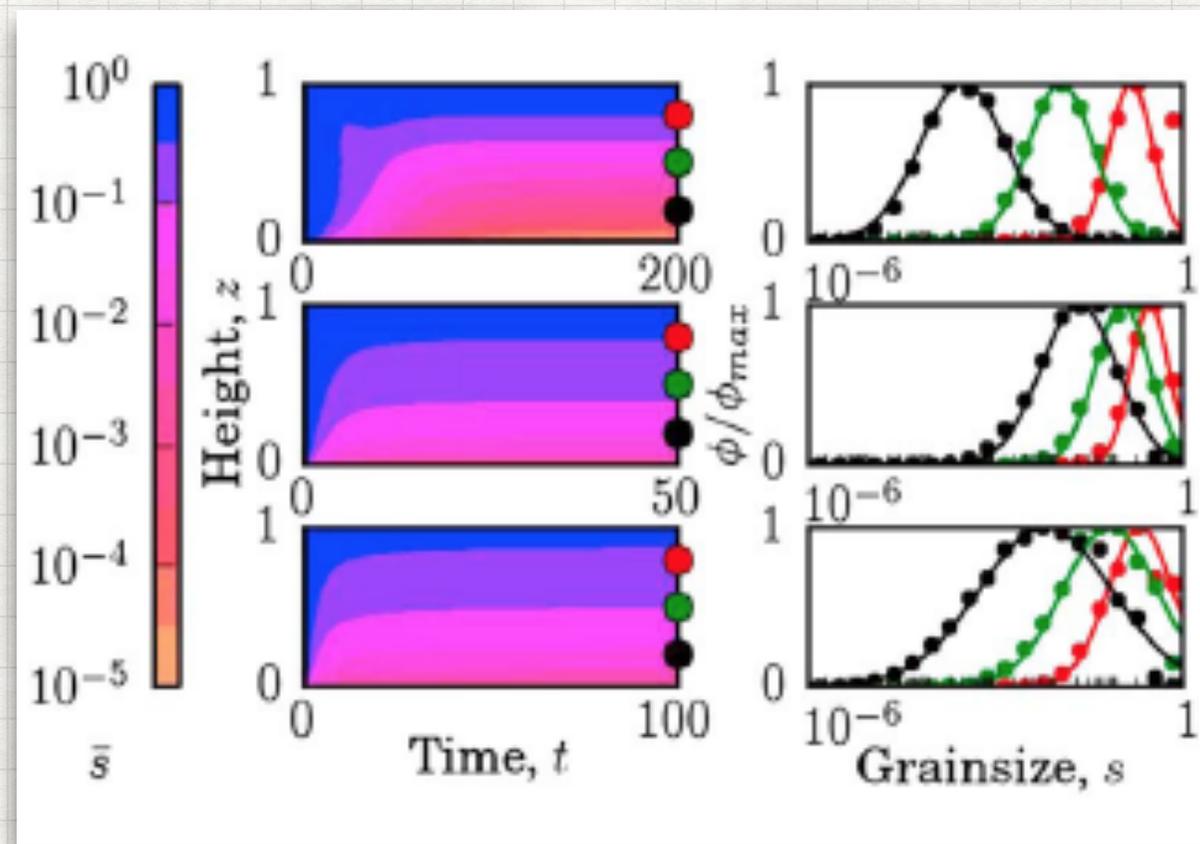


SEGREGATION, MIXING & CRUSHING

■ STOCHASTIC LATTICE MODEL



Model



FINAL WORDS

FINAL WORDS ON VARDOULAKIS CHALLENGE



12 YEARS AFTER AND WE ARE NEARLY READY TO ADDRESS HIS CHALLENGE...

FINAL WORDS - WHAT ABOUT SHAPE?

1) **SIZE**

1ST ORDER

+

2) **ROUNDNESS**

3) **SPHERICITY**

4) **ANGULARITY**

5) **ELONGATION**

2ND ORDER

+

7) **SURFACE ROUGHNESS**

8) **SURFACE FRACTAL DIMENSION**

3RD ORDER

+

9) **ETC**

